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Switchgear Type 8DJH for Secondary Distribution Systems up to 24 kV, Gas-Insulated Medium-Voltage Switchgear · Catalog HA 40.2 · 2014



# Contents

Switchgear Type 8DJH for Secondary Distribution Systems up to 24 kV, Gas-Insulated

Medium-Voltage Switchgear

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The products and systems described in this catalog are manufactured and sold according to a certified management system (acc. to ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and BS OHSAS 18001).

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Types



Individual circuit-breaker panel 500 mm

8DJH Compact RRT block

### Typical uses, ratings, approvals

8DJH switchgear is a factory-assembled, type-tested, 3-pole metal-enclosed single-busbar switchgear for indoor installation.

8DJH switchgear is used in public and industrial energy systems of the secondary distribution level, e.g. in

- Local ring-main units, customer transfer substations and switching substations of power supply and public utilities
- Wind power and solar plants, hydroelectric power plants
- Water and sewage treatment plants
- Airports, railway stations, underground railway stations
- Open-cast mining facilities
- High-rise buildings.

#### Electrical data (maximum values) and dimensions

Rated voltage	kV	7.2	12	15	17.5	24
Rated frequency	Hz	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60
Rated short-duration	kV	20 <sup>1)</sup>	28 <sup>2)</sup>	36	38	50
power-frequency						
withstand voltage Rated lightning impulse	kV	60 <sup>1)</sup>	75 <sup>2)</sup>	95	95	125
withstand voltage	κv	00 %	/ ] -/	95	95	125
Rated peak	kA	63	63	63	63	50
withstand current						
Rated short-circuit	kA	63	63	63	63	50
making current						
Rated short-time	kA	20	20	20	20	20
withstand current 3 s						
Rated short-time withstand current 1 s	kA	25	25	25	25	20
Rated normal current	A	630	630	630	630	630
of the busbar	A	630	630	630	630	630
Rated normal current	A	200/25	0/400/	630 3) -		
of feeders	7.	200723	.07 1007	050		
Width (feeders)	mm	310/43	0/500	3)		•
Depth						
<ul> <li>without pressure</li> </ul>						
relief duct	mm	775	775	775	775	775
<ul> <li>with pressure</li> </ul>						
relief duct	mm	890	890	890	890	890
Height						
without low-voltage						
compartment and						

pressure relief duct mm optionally 1040/1200/1400/1700

1) 32 kV/60 kV according to some national requirements

2) 42 kV/75 kV according to some national requirements

3) Depending on the feeder function and the selected design options

#### National approval GOST

By certification in the system GOST R in Russia, 8DJH is approved for application at the voltage levels 6 kV, 10 kV and 20 kV. The relevant certification documents are available on the Internet at www.siemens.com/8DJH. The approval is valid in the countries Russia, Belarus, Kazakhstan and Ukraine.



# Requirements

### Features

#### **Environmental independence**

Hermetically tight, welded switchgear vessels made of stainless steel as well as single-pole solid insulation make the parts of the primary circuit under high voltage of 8DJH switchgear

- Insensitive to certain aggressive ambient conditions, such as:
- Saline air
- Air humidity
- Dust
- Condensation
- Tight to ingress of foreign objects, such as:
- Dust
- Pollution
- Small animals
- Humidity.

#### Compact design

Thanks to the use of  $\mathsf{SF}_6$  insulation, compact dimensions are possible.

Thus:

- Existing switchgear rooms and substation rooms can be used effectively
- New constructions cost little
- Costly city-area space is saved.

#### Maintenance-free design

Switchgear vessels designed as sealed pressure systems, maintenance-free switching devices and enclosed cable plugs ensure:

- Maximum supply reliability
- Personnel safety
- Sealed-for-life design according to IEC 62271-200 (sealed pressure system)
- Installation, operation, extension and replacement without  $\mathsf{SF}_6$  gas work
- Reduced operating costs
- Cost-efficient investment
- No maintenance cycles.

#### Innovation

The use of digital secondary systems and combined protection and control devices ensures:

- Clear integration in process control systems
- Flexible and highly simplified adaptation to new system conditions and thus cost-efficient operation.

#### Service life

Under normal operating conditions, the expected service life of gas-insulated switchgear 8DJH is at least 35 years, probably 40 to 50 years, taking the tightness of the hermetically welded switchgear vessel into account. The service life is limited by the maximum number of operating cycles of the switchgear devices installed:

- For circuit-breakers, according to the endurance class defined in IEC 62271-100
- For three-position disconnectors and earthing switches, according to the endurance class defined in IEC 62271-102
- For three-position switch-disconnectors and earthing switches, according to the endurance class defined in IEC 62271-103.

### Safety

#### Personal safety

- Safe-to-touch and hermetically sealed primary enclosure
- Standard degree of protection IP 65 for all high-voltage parts of the primary circuit, at least IP 2X for the switch-gear enclosure according to IEC 60529 and VDE 0470-1
- Cable terminations, busbars and voltage transformers are surrounded by earthed layers. All high-voltage parts including the cable terminations, busbars and voltage transformers are metal-enclosed
- Operating mechanisms and auxiliary switches safely accessible outside the primary enclosure (switchgear vessel)
- High resistance to internal arcs by logical mechanical interlocks and tested switchgear enclosure
- Panels tested for resistance to internal faults up to 21 kA
- Capacitive voltage detecting system to verify safe isolation from supply
- Due to the system design, operation is only possible with closed switchgear enclosure
- Logical mechanical interlocks prevent maloperation
- HV HRC fuses and cable sealing ends are only accessible when outgoing feeders are earthed
- Feeder earthing via make-proof earthing switches.

#### Security of operation

- Hermetically sealed primary enclosure independent of environmental effects (pollution, humidity and small animals)
- Welded switchgear vessels, sealed for life
- Maintenance-free in an indoor environment (IEC 62271-1 and VDE 0671-1)
- Operating mechanisms of switching devices accessible outside the primary enclosure (switchgear vessel)
- Metal-coated, plug-in inductive voltage transformers mounted outside the SF<sub>6</sub> switchgear vessel
- Current transformers as ring-core current transformers mounted outside the SF<sub>6</sub> switchgear vessel
- Complete switchgear interlocking system with logical mechanical interlocks
- Mechanical position indicators integrated in the mimic diagram
- Minimum fire load
- Option: Resistance against earthquakes.

#### Reliability

- Type and routine-tested
- Standardized and manufactured using numerically controlled machines
- Quality assurance in accordance with DIN EN ISO 9001
- More than 500,000 switchgear panels of Siemens in operation worldwide for many years.

# Requirements

### Technology

#### General

- Three-pole primary enclosure, metal-enclosed
- Welded switchgear vessel without seals, made of stainless steel, with welded-in bushings for electrical connections and mechanical components
- Insulating gas SF<sub>6</sub>
- Maintenance-free components under normal ambient conditions according to IEC 62271-1 and VDE 0671-1
- Three-position switch-disconnector with load-break function and make-proof earthing function
- Vacuum circuit-breaker
- Cable connection with outside-cone plug-in system
- In ring-main and circuit-breaker feeders with bolted contact (M16)
- In transformer feeders with plug-in contact or optionally with bolted contact (M16)
- Wall-standing or free-standing arrangement
- Pressure relief downwards, optionally to the rear or upwards via pressure absorber systems.

#### Interlocks

- According to IEC 62271-200 and VDE 0671-200
- Logical mechanical interlocks prevent maloperation
- Logical mechanical interlocks and the constructive features of the three-position switches prevent maloperation as well as access to the cable connection of the feeders and HV HRC fuses under voltage
- Impermissible and undesired operations can be prevented by means of locking devices provided at the switching devices
- A detailed description of all interlocking options is available on page 51.

#### Modular design

- Individual panels and panel blocks can be lined up and extended at will without gas work on site
- Low-voltage compartment available in 4 overall heights, wiring to the panel via plug connectors.

#### Instrument transformers

- Current transformers not subjected to dielectric stress
- Easy replacement of current transformers designed as ring-core transformers
- Metal-coated, plug-in voltage transformers.

#### Vacuum circuit-breaker

- Maintenance-free under normal ambient conditions according to IEC 62271-1 and VDE 0671-1
- No relubrication or readjustment
- Up to 10,000 operating cycles
- Vacuum-tight for life.

#### Secondary systems

- Customary protection, measuring and control equipment
- <u>Option</u>: Numerical multifunction protection relay with integrated protection, control, communication, operating and monitoring functions
- Can be integrated in process control systems.

# Requirements

### Classification

8DJH switchgear is classified according to IEC/EN 62271-200/VDE 0671-200.

#### Design and construction

-	
Partition class	PM (partition of metal)
Loss of service continuity category for panels or panel blocks – With HV HRC fuses (T, H) – Without HV HRC fuses (R, L,) Billing metering panel M Cable panel K	LSC 2 LSC 2 LSC 1
Accessibility to compartments (enclosure) – Busbar compartment – Switching-device compartment – Low-voltage compartment (option) – Cable compartment for panels or panel blocks – With HV HRC fuses (T) – Without HV HRC fuses (R, L,) – Only cable feeder (K) – Metering panels (air-insulated) (M)	<ul> <li>Tool-based</li> <li>Interlock-controlled</li> </ul>

#### Internal arc classification (option)

Designation of the internal arc	Rated voltage 7.2 kV to 24 kV
classification IAC	
IAC class for 8DJH Standard and	
8DJH Compact design for	
– Wall-standing arrangement	IAC A FI
5 5	
<ul> <li>Free-standing arrangement</li> </ul>	IAC A FLR
Additionally only for	
8DJH Compact design for	
<ul> <li>Installation in substations</li> </ul>	IAC A F
without control aisle <sup>1)</sup>	
Type of accessibility A	Switchmann in classed alastrical
Type of accessibility A	Switchgear in closed electrical
	service location, access
	"for authorized personnel only"
	(according to IEC/EN 62271-200)
– F	Front
– L	Lateral
– R	Rear
	(for free-standing arrangement)
Arc test current	Up to 21 kA
Test duration	1 s

1) Rear space required for pressure relief. Application recommended in prefabricated substations without control aisle, tested according to IEC 62271-202.

# **Technical Data**

### Electrical data of the switchgear

Rated i	nsulation level	Rated voltage U <sub>r</sub>	kV	7.2	12	15	17.5	24
		Rated short-duration power-frequency						
		withstand voltage U <sub>d</sub>						
		<ul> <li>Phase-to-phase, phase-to-earth, open contact ga</li> </ul>		20	28/42 1)		38	50
		<ul> <li>Across the isolating distance</li> </ul>	kV	23	32/48 1)	39	45	60
		Rated lightning impulse withstand voltage U <sub>p</sub>						
		<ul> <li>Phase-to-phase, phase-to-earth, open contact ga</li> </ul>		60	75	95	95	125
<b>D</b>		– Across the isolating distance		70	85	110	110	145
	frequency f <sub>r</sub>			50/60-				•
Rated r	normal current $I_r^{(2)}$	for ring-main feeders		400 or 6	30 ———			
		for busbar	A	630 —				
		for circuit-breaker feeders	A	250 or 6	30 ———			
		for transformer feeders	A	200 3) —				
50 Hz	Rated short-time	for switchgear with $t_k = 1$ s	up to kA	25	25	25	25	20
	withstand current $I_k$	for switchgear with $t_k = 3$ s (design option)	up to kA	20 —				
	Rated peak withstand current	Ip	up to kA	63	63	63	63	50
	Rated short-circuit	for ring-main feeders	up to kA	63	63	63	63	50
	making current I <sub>ma</sub>	for circuit-breaker feeders	up to kA	63	63	63	63	50
		for transformer feeders	up to kA	63	63	63	63	50
60 Hz	Rated short-time	for switchgear with $t_k = 1$ s	up to kA		25	25	25	21
	withstand current I <sub>k</sub>	for switchgear with $t_k = 3$ s (design option)	up to kA					
	Rated peak withstand current		up to kA		65	65	65	55
	Rated short-circuit	for ring-main feeders	up to kA		65	65	65	55
	making current I <sub>ma</sub>	for circuit-breaker feeders	up to kA		65	65	65	55
		for transformer feeders		65	65	65	65	55
Filling	pressure	Rated filling level p <sub>re</sub> (absolute)		150				
	are values at 20 °C)	Minimum functional level $p_{me}$ (absolute)		130				
Ambie	nt air temperature T	without secondary equipment			<sup>1)</sup> to +55	(+70 <sup>1)</sup> —		
		with secondary equipment			<sup>1, 4)</sup> to +55			
		for storage/transport including secondary systems		-40 to +		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Dearer	e of protection	for gas-filled switchgear vessel		IP65 —	.0			
Degree		for switchgear enclosure		IP2X/IP3	<b>x</b> 1)			-
		for low-voltage compartment		IP3X/IP4				
		tor tow voltage compartment		11 37/11/4				

1) Design option

2) The rated normal currents apply to ambient air temperatures of max. 40 °C. The 24-hour mean value is max. 35 °C (according to IEC/EN 62271-1/VDE 0671-1)

3) Depending on HV HRC fuse-link

4) Depending on the secondary equipment used

# Technical Data

### Switching capacity and classification of switching devices

#### Three-position switch-disconnector

Switching capacity for general-purpose switches according to IEC/EN 62271-103 (former: IEC/EN 60265-1/VDE 0670-301)

	Rated voltage U <sub>r</sub>		kV	7.2	12	15	17.5	24
Test duty	Rated mainly active load	100 operations <i>I</i> load [ <i>I</i> <sub>1</sub> ]	А	630 —				
TD <sub>load</sub>	breaking current I <sub>load</sub>	20 operations 0.05 I <sub>load</sub> [I <sub>1</sub> ]	А	31.5				
Test duty	Rated closed-loop breaking current $I_{loop}$ [ $I_{2a}$	]						
TD <sub>loop</sub>			А	630 —				
Test duty	Rated cable-charging breaking current Icc [I	ta]						
TD <sub>cc</sub>			А	68 —				
Test duty TD <sub>lc</sub>	Rated line-charging breaking current $I_{lc}$ [ $I_{4b}$ ]							
			А	68 —				
Test duty TD <sub>ma</sub>	Rated short-circuit making current I <sub>ma</sub>	50 Hz	up to kA	63	63	63	63	50
		60 Hz	up to kA	65	65	65	65	55
Test duty TD <sub>ef1</sub>	Rated earth-fault breaking current $I_{ef1}$ [ $I_{6a}$ ]							
			А	200 —				
Test duty TD <sub>ef2</sub>	Rated cable-charging breaking current and I	ine-charging breaking						
	current under earth-fault conditions $I_{ef2}$ [ $I_{6t}$	$(\sqrt{3} \cdot I_{4a})$ or $I_{6b} (\sqrt{3} \cdot I_{4b})$ ]	А	115 —				
-	Cable-charging breaking current under eart	n-fault conditions						
	with superimposed load current $I_1$ + $\sqrt{3} \cdot I_{4a}$		А	630 +115				
Number of oper	ating cycles, mechanical/Classification		n	1000/M1				•
Number of oper	ating cycles, electrical with I <sub>load</sub> / Classificatio	n	n	100/E3 -				
Number of shor	t-circuit making operations with I <sub>ma</sub> / Classific	ation	n	5/E3	5/E3	5/E3	5/E3	5/E3
C-classification	for general-purpose switches (no restrikes,	TD: $I_{cc}$ , $I_{lc}$ )		C2	C2	C2	C2	C2

#### Switching capacity for make-proof earthing switch according to IEC/EN 62271-102/VDE 0671-102

Rated short-circuit making current I <sub>ma</sub>	50 Hz	up to kA	63	63	63	63	50
	60 Hz	up to kA	65	65	65	65	55
Number of operating cycles, mechanical/Classification		n	1000/MC	I			
Number of short-circuit making operations		n	5 ——				
Classification			E2				

#### Switch-disconnector/fuse combination

Switching capacity for switch-disconnector/fuse combination according to IEC/EN 62271-105/VDE 0671-105

Rated normal current	А	200 1) —				
Rated transfer current I <sub>transfer</sub>	А	1500	1500	1300	1300	1300

#### Switching capacity for make-proof earthing switch, feeder side, in transformer feeder with HV HRC fuses

Rated short-circuit making current I <sub>ma</sub>	50 Hz	kA	5 —		
	60 Hz	kA	5.2		
Rated short-time withstand current $I_k$ with $t_k = 1$ s		kA	2 —		 

# **Technical** Data

### Switching capacity and classification of switching devices

#### Vacuum circuit-breaker

Switching capacity according to IEC/EN 62271-100/VDE 0671-100

#### Type 1.1 with three-position disconnector

Rated	voltage U <sub>r</sub>		kV	7.2	12	15	17.5	24
Rated	normal current of feeders I <sub>r</sub>		A	630				
50 Hz	Rated short-time	for switchgear with $t_{\rm k}$ = 1 s	up to kA	25	25	25	25	20
	withstand current I <sub>k</sub>	for switchgear with $t_{\rm k}$ = 3 s	up to kA	20				
	Rated peak withstand current	t Ip	up to kA	63	63	63	63	50
	Rated short-circuit breaking o	current I <sub>sc</sub>	up to kA	25	25	25	25	20
	Rated short-circuit making cu	irrent I <sub>ma</sub>	up to kA	63	63	63	63	50
60 Hz	Rated short-time	for switchgear with $t_k = 1$ s	up to kA	25	25	25	25	21
	withstand current $I_k$	for switchgear with $t_k = 3$ s	up to kA	21 —				
	Rated peak withstand current	t Ip	up to kA	65	65	65	65	55
	Rated short-circuit breaking o	current I <sub>sc</sub>	up to kA	25	25	25	25	21
	Rated short-circuit making cu	irrent I <sub>ma</sub>	up to kA	65	65	65	65	55
Numbe	er of mechanical operating cyc	cles for disconnector	n	1000 —				
Numbe	er of mechanical operating cyc	cles for earthing switch	n	1000 —				
Numbe	er of mechanical operating cyc	cles for earthing switch	n	10,000 -				
Classif	ication of circuit-breaker			M2, E2, C	2, S2 —			
Classif	ication of disconnector			M0				
Classif	ication of make-proof earthing	g switch		E2				
Rated	operating sequence			0 - 0.3 s ·	CO - 3 m	in - CO —		
				0 - 0.3 s ·	CO - 15 s	- CO on re	equest —	
Numbe	er of short-circuit breaking ope	erations	n	25 or 50 -				

#### Type 2 with three-position disconnector

Rated	voltage U <sub>r</sub>		kV	7.2	12	15	17.5	24
Rated I	normal current of feeders <i>I</i> r		А	250 A or	630 A —			
50 Hz	Rated short-time	for switchgear with $t_k = 1$ s	up to kA	20 —				
	withstand current I <sub>k</sub>	for switchgear with $t_k = 3$ s	up to kA	20 —				
	Rated peak withstand current I	p	up to kA	50 —				
	Rated short-circuit breaking cu	rrent I <sub>sc</sub>	up to kA	20 —				
	Rated short-circuit making curr	ent I <sub>ma</sub>	up to kA	50				
60 Hz	Rated short-time	for switchgear with $t_k = 1$ s	up to kA	25	25	25	25	20
	withstand current I <sub>k</sub>	for switchgear with $t_k = 3$ s	up to kA	21 —				
	Rated peak withstand current I	p	up to kA	65	65	65	65	55
	Rated short-circuit breaking cu	rrent I <sub>sc</sub>	up to kA	25	25	25	25	21
	Rated short-circuit making curr	ent I <sub>ma</sub>	up to kA	65	65	65	65	55
Numbe	er of mechanical operating cycle	s for disconnector	n	1000 —				
Numbe	er of mechanical operating cycle	es for earthing switch	n	1000 —				
Numbe	er of mechanical operating cycle	es for earthing switch	n	2000 —				
Classifi	ication of circuit-breaker			M1, E2, C	1, S1 —			
Classifi	ication of disconnector			M0				
Classifi	ication of make-proof earthing s	witch		E2				
Rated o	operating sequence			0 - 3 min	- CO - 3 m	nin - CO —		
Numbe	er of short-circuit breaking oper	ations	n	6 or 20 -				

### Individual panels and modules – freely configurable for up to 4 functions in the block



### Individual panels and modules



## Individual panels



Busbar voltage metering panel



**Busbar earthing panel** 





**Busbar voltage metering panel,** fused on the primary side



#### **Busbar earthing panel**



| Vacuum circuit-breaker

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Three-position switch-disconnector

#### ⊥ ↓ ↓

Three-position disconnector

### ЭH

Capacitive voltage detecting system

# $\phi_{*)}$

Three-phase current transformer

## φ

Cable-type current transformer

### 

Cable connection with outside cone (not included in the scope of supply)

# <u>•</u>

Surge arrester or limiter

Plug-in voltage

HA40-2123.eps

 Only for end panel, on the free connection side of the busbar

### Air-insulated billing metering panels type M, 840 mm wide



#### Billing metering panels as transfer panel to the left, with cable connection



#### Billing metering panels as transfer panel with busbar connection on both sides



#### Billing metering panels as transfer panel with cable connection on both sides





Current transformer, cast-resin insulated

## Эн∔

Capacitive voltage detecting system

cast-resin insulated

### Ť

Fixed earthing points for busbar earthing

P1 and P2 are terminal designations of the current transformer

HA40-2123.eps

### Product range overview of panel blocks (preferred versions)

nel block	Installati	on dimens	sions
nponents shown in dotted lines	Width	Depth	Height
be used optionally.	mm	mm	mm
el blocks with transformer fe			
ionally with busbar extension		rmer feed	er
K Radial cable		able conn	
incoming feeder	740	775	1200
># <b>∮</b> ←			1400 1700
°∰ ↓			
		rmer feed	
K Radial cable	with mak	able conn e-proof ea	
incoming feeder	switch 860	775	1200
┝╫ <mark>╞</mark> ┪╶╞╫┥ ┶╌╌╴╴╵╵			1400
			1700
		ain feeder, rmer feed	
j₹ ↓j₹			
	740	775	1040 1200
, ># <b>∳</b> 			1400 1700
			1700
		ain feeder	
	1 transfo	rmer feed	er
Î Î Î	1050	775	1040 1200
÷ ک⊫∳ ک⊫∮			1400
			1700
		ain feeder	
	1 transfo	rmer feed	er
	1360	775	1200 1400
			1700
		ain feeder	
	2 transfo	rmer feed	ers
	1480	775	1200
FL HIE HE HE			1400 1700

Panel block	Installation dimensions		
	Width	Depth	Height
Components shown in dotted lines			
can be used optionally.	mm	mm	mm

#### Panel blocks with circuit-breaker feeders, optionally with busbar extension



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# Product range overview of panel blocks (preferred versions)

Installati	on dimen	sions	Panel block	Installati	on dimens	sions
Width	Depth	Height	Components shown in dotted lines can be used optionally.	Width	Depth	Height
mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm
2 ring-m	ain feeder	S	тт	2 transfo	rmer feed	ers
620	775	1040 1200 1400 1700		860	775	1200 1400 1700
3 ring-m	ain feeder	S	TTT	3 transfo	ormer feed	ers
			Ţ, Ţ, Ţ, Ţ, Ţ, Ţ			1200
930	775	1040 1200 1400 1700		1290	775	1200 1400 1700
4 ring-m	ain feeder	s				
1240	775	1200 1400 1700				
	Width mm ers, 2 ring-m 620 3 ring-m 930 4 ring-m	WidthDepthmmmmers,2 ring-main feeder6207753 ring-main feeder9307754 ring-main feeder	mm         mm         mm           2 ring-main feeders	Width mm       Depth mm       Height mm       Components shown in dotted lines can be used optionally.         ers,       Panel blocks with transformer fe optionally with busbar extension         2 ring-main feeders       TT         620       775       1040         1200       1400         1700       1200         4 ring-main feeders       TTT         930       775       1040         1240       775       1200         1240       775       1200         1240       775       1200         1240       775       1200         1240       775       1200         1240       775       1200         1240       775       1200         1240       775       1200         1240       775       1200         1240       775       1200         1240       775       1200         1400       1400         1240       775         1200       1400	Width mmDepth mmHeight mmComponents shown in dotted lines can be used optionally.Width mmers,Panel blocks with transformer feeders, optionally with busbar extension2 transfor2 ring-main feedersTT 1200 1400 17002 transfor3 ring-main feedersTTT 1200 1400 1700TTT to to t	Width mmDepth mmHeight mmComponents shown in dotted lines can be used optionally.Width mmDepth mmers,Panel blocks with transformer feeders, optionally with busbar extensionZ transformer feed2 ring-main feeders1040 1200 1400 1700TT T T 1040 1200 1400 17002 transformer feed3 ring-main feedersTT 1200 1400 

Panel block	li l	nstallatic	on dimens	ions
Components shown in dotted lines	ν	Nidth	Depth	Height
can be used optionally.				
	n	nm	mm	mm

### Panel blocks with transformer feeders as 8DJH Compact, without busbar extension

	•			
RRT		620 700	775 775	1400 1700 1400 1700
RRT-R		930 1010	775 775	1400 1700 1400 1700
RRT-RRT		1240 1400	775	1400 1700 1400 1700

# Design

## Panel design (examples)





#### Circuit-breaker feeder

Type L



- 1 Control board (for details, see page 23)
- 2 Busbar arrangement
- 3 Three-position switch-disconnector
- 4 Pressure relief device
- 5 Wiring duct, removable, for protection and/or bus wires
- 6 Switchgear vessel, filled with gas
- Operating mechanism of switching device 7
- 8 Bushing for cable plug with bolted contact (M16)
- 9 Cable compartment cover
- 10 Earthing busbar with earthing connection
- 11 Partition
- 12 HV HRC fuse assembly
- 13 Bushing for cable plug with plug-in contact, optionally bolted contact (M16)
- 14 Vacuum circuit-breaker
- 15 Circuit-breaker operating mechanism, operating mechanism for three-position disconnector



- 1 Control board (for details, see page 23)
- 2 Option: Low-voltage compartment
- 3 Busbar arrangement
- 4 Vacuum circuit-breaker
- 5 Pressure relief device
- 6 Wiring duct, removable, for protection and/or bus wires
- 7 Switchgear vessel, filled with gas
- 8 Operating mechanism of switching device
- 9 Bushing for cable plug with bolted contact (M16)
- 10 Cable compartment cover
- 11 <u>Option</u>: Three-phase current transformer (protection transformer)
- 12 Earthing busbar with earthing connection

- 13 Low-voltage compartment (standard) for vacuum circuit-breaker
- 14 Option: SIPROTEC bay controller
- 15 Option: Plug-in voltage transformer type 4MT3 on the busbar
- 16 Bushing for connection of plug-in voltage transformers
- 17 Option: Plug-in voltage transformer 4MT8 at the connection
- 18 Cable-type current transformer



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# Design Panel design (examples)



Connection: busbar - busbar



Connection: cable - cable

- 1 Sockets for voltage detecting system
- 2 Busbar connection
- **3** Busbar vessel, filled with gas
- 4 Pressure relief device
- 5 Current transformer type 4MA7
- 6 Voltage transformer type 4MR
- 7 Wiring duct, removable, for protection and/or bus wires
- 8 Niche for customer-side low-voltage equipment, screwed cover
- 9 Bushings for connection of transformer bars, connected with busbar extension on the right 9a and on the left 9b
- 10 Transformer compartment cover
- 11 Cable connection
- 12 Earthing busbar with earthing connection

# Design Panel design (examples)

#### Panel block Type 8DJH Compact RRT





- 1 Control board (for details, see page 23)
- 2 Three-position switch-disconnector
- 3 Pressure relief device
- 4 Switchgear vessel, filled with gas
- 5 Operating mechanism of switching device
- 6 Bushing for cable plug with bolted contact (M16)
- 7 Cable compartment cover
- 8 Earthing busbar with earthing connection
- 9 HV HRC fuse assembly
- **10** Bushing for cable plug with plug-in contact
- 11 Pressure relief duct downwards for transformer feeder (option)

# Design

### **Outdoor enclosure**

On request, 8DJH switchgear can be provided with an outdoor enclosure with the following features:

- For outdoor applications on company grounds
- Enclosure attached to standard indoor panels
- Enclosure with three different heights, for 1200 mm switchgear height (optionally with low-voltage compartment as a 200 mm, 400 mm or 600 mm high version), or 1400 mm switchgear height (optionally with low-voltage compartment as a 200 mm or 400 mm high version)
- Enclosure with four different widths for freely configurable, non-extendable switchgear rows up to a switchgear width of 2000 mm (for dimensions, see page 82)
- Internal arc classification IAC A FL or FLR to 21 kA/1 s according to IEC 62271-200
- Degree of protection IP 54.



Outdoor enclosure (front closed)



Outdoor enclosure (front open)

The control boards are function-related. They integrate operation, mimic diagram and position indication. Furthermore, indicating, measuring and monitoring equipment as well as locking devices and local-remote switches are arranged according to the panel type and version. The ready-for-service indicator and rating plates are fitted in accordance with the panel blocks.

Operation is identical for transformer and circuit-breaker feeders. First, the operating mechanism must be charged; then, closing/opening is done through separate pushbuttons. The condition of the energy store is indicated.

All actuating openings are functionally interlocked against each other, and are optionally lockable. Separate operating levers for the disconnecting and earthing function are optionally available.



- 1 Manual operation of load-break function
- 2 Locking function (option for ring-main feeders)
- 3 Manual operation of earthing function
- 4 Panel designation label
- 5 Position indicator for switch-disconnector
- 6 Position indicator for earthing switch
- 7 Sockets of capacitive voltage detecting system
- 8 "Fuse tripped" indicator
- 9 ON pushbutton for transformer or circuit-breaker function
- 10 OFF pushbutton for transformer or circuit-breaker function
- **11** Manual spring charging
- 12 "Spring charged" indicator
- 13 Position indicator for circuit-breaker

#### Front of ring-main feeder



#### Front of transformer feeder



#### Front of circuit-breaker feeder



### Three-position switch-disconnector

#### Features

- Switch positions: CLOSED – OPEN – EARTHED
- Switching functions as general-purpose switchdisconnector (class E3) according to
- IEC/EN 62271-103/VDE 0671-103
- IEC/EN 62271-102/VDE 0671-102
- Designed as a three-position switch with the functions
- Switch-disconnector and
- Make-proof earthing switch
- Operation via rotary bushing welded gas-tight into the front of the switchgear vessel
- Climate-independent contact in the gas-filled switchgear vessel
- Maintenance-free for indoor installation according to IEC/EN 62271-1/VDE 0671-1
- Individual secondary equipment.

#### Mode of operation

The operating shaft forms one unit together with the three contact blades. Due to the arrangement of the fixed contacts (earth – busbar), it is not necessary to interlock the CLOSE and EARTHING functions.

#### **Closing operation**

During the closing operation, the operating shaft with the moving contact blades changes from the "OPEN" to the "CLOSED" position.

The force of the spring-operated mechanism ensures a high operator-independent closing speed and a reliable connection of the main circuit.

#### **Opening operation**

During the opening operation, the arc is caused to rotate by the arc-suppression system. This rotation movement prevents the development of a fixed root.

The isolating distance in gas established after breaking fulfills the conditions applicable to isolating distances in accordance with

- IEC/EN 62271-102/VDE 0671-102 and

- IEC/EN 62271-1/VDE 0671-1.

Due to the arc rotation caused by the arc-suppression system, both load currents and minor no-load currents are safely interrupted.

#### **Earthing operation**

The EARTHING operation is implemented by changing from the "OPEN" to the "EARTHED" position.

#### Three-position switch-disconnector





### Operating mechanisms for the three-position switch

#### Features

- Mechanical endurance of more than 1000 operating cycles
- Parts subjected to mechanical stress are made of nonrusting materials
- Manual operation with the help of a slip-on operating lever
- Option: Motor operation
- Control board with accordingly cut-out switching gate prevents the three-position switch-disconnector from being switched directly from the "CLOSED" via the "OPEN" to the "EARTHED" position.
- Two separate actuating openings are provided for unambiguous selection of the DISCONNECTING and EARTHING functions.
- Operation via rotary movement, operating direction according to IEC/EN 60447/VDE 0196 (FNN recommendation, former VDN/VDEW recommendation).

#### Spring-operated mechanism

The switching movements are performed independently of the operating speed.

Spring-operated/stored-energy\_mechanism

The switching movements are performed independently of the operating speed.

During the charging process, the closing and opening springs are charged. This ensures that the switch-disconnector/fuse combination can switch off all types of faults reliably even during closing.

Closing and opening is done via pushbuttons, and is therefore identical with the operation of circuit-breaker operating mechanisms.

An energy store is available for tripping by means of an operating HV HRC fuse or via a shunt release (f-release).

After tripping, a red bar appears on the position indicator.

Assignment of operating mechanism type	
of three-position switch to panel types	

Panel type	R, S, L, V, M(500) T,		Т, Н, М(430)		
Function	Switch-disconnector (R, S) Disconnector (L, V, M(500))	Earthing switch	Switch-disconnector (T, H) Disconnector M(430)	Earthing switch	
Type of operating mechanism	Spring-operated	Spring-operated	Stored-energy	Spring-operated	
Operation	Manual Motor (option)	Manual	Manual Motor (option)	Manual	

#### Legend:

- R = Ring-main feeder
- S = Bus sectionalizer panel with switch-disconnector
- L = Circuit-breaker feeder
- T = Transformer feeder
- H = Bus sectionalizer panel with switch-disconnector/fuse combination
- V = Bus sectionalizer panel with circuit-breaker
- M(430)/M(500) = Busbar voltage metering panel

### Operating mechanisms for the three-position switch, equipment (optional)

#### Motor operating mechanism (option)

The manual operating mechanisms of 8DJH switchgear can be equipped with motor operating mechanisms for the three-position switch-disconnector. Retrofitting is possible.

Operating voltages for motor operating mechanisms:

- 24, 48, 60, 110, 220 V DC
- 110 and 230 V AC, 50/60 Hz
- Motor rating: max. 80 W/80 VA.

#### Operation:

- Local operation by momentary-contact rotary control switch (option)
- Remote operation (standard) applied to terminal.

#### Shunt release (option) (f-release)

Stored-energy mechanisms can be equipped with a shunt release. Remote electrical tripping of the three-position switch-disconnector is possible via the magnet coil of the shunt release, e.g. transformer overtemperature tripping.

To avoid thermal overloading of the shunt release in the event of a continuous signal that may be applied, the shunt release is switched off via an auxiliary switch which is mechanically coupled with the three-position switch-disconnector.

#### Auxiliary switch (option)

Each operating mechanism of the three-position switchdisconnector can be optionally equipped with an auxiliary switch for the position indication. Free contacts (for manual operating mechanism):

- Switch-disconnector function:
- CLOSED and OPEN: 1 NO + 1 NC + 2 changeover contacts Earthing switch function:

CLOSED and OPEN: 1 NO + 1 NC + 2 changeover contacts.

#### Technical data of the auxiliary switch

#### Breaking capacity

J	•				
AC operation		DC operation			
at 40 Hz up to 60	Hz				
Operating Normal current		Operating	Norma	current	
voltage		voltage	Resistiv	e Inductive,	
				T = 20 ms	
V	А	V	А	А	
up to 230	10	24	10	10	
		48	10	9	
		60	9	7	
		110	5	4	
		240	2.5	2	

#### Rated switching capacity

Rated insulation voltage	250 V AC/DC
Insulation group	C acc. to VDE 0110
Continuous current	10 A
Making capacity	50 A

Abbreviations: NO = Normally open contact NC = Normally closed contact

#### Vacuum circuit-breaker

#### Features

- The vacuum circuit-breaker consists of a vacuum interrupter unit with integrated three-position disconnector located in the switchgear vessel, and the associated operating mechanisms.
- According to IEC/EN 62271-100/VDE 0671-100
- Application in hermetically welded switchgear vessel in conformity with the system
- Climate-independent vacuum interrupter poles in the gas-filled switchgear vessel
- Operating mechanism located outside the switchgear vessel in the front operating mechanism box
- Maintenance-free for indoor installation according to IEC/EN 62271-1/VDE 0671-1
- Individual secondary equipment.

#### **Operating mechanism functions**

The closing spring is charged by means of the operating lever or the hand crank supplied, or by the motor (option), until the latching of the closing spring is indicated ("spring charged" indicator). Then, the vacuum circuit-breaker can be closed manually or electrically.

In operating mechanisms provided for automatic reclosing (AR), the closing spring can be recharged by hand or automatically in case of motor operating mechanism. Thus, the "closing option" is available again.

#### **Operating mechanism**

The operating mechanism assigned to a circuit-breaker feeder consists of the following components:

- Operating mechanism for circuit-breaker
- Operating mechanism for three-position disconnector
- Motor operating mechanism (optional)
- Position indicators
- Pushbuttons for CLOSING and OPENING the circuit-breaker
- Interlocking between circuit-breaker and disconnector.

#### Assignment of operating mechanism type

Panel type	L, V	L, V					
Function	Circuit-breaker	Circuit-breaker Three-position disconnector					
		Disconnector	Earthing switch				
Туре	Stored-energy	Spring-operated	Spring-operated				
Operation	Manual/Motor	Manual/Motor	Manual				

#### **Trip-free mechanism**

The vacuum circuit-breaker is fitted with a trip-free mechanism according to IEC/EN 62271-100/VDE 0671-100. In the event of an opening command being given after a closing operation has been initiated, the moving contacts return to the open position and remain there even if the closing command is sustained. This means that the contacts are momentarily in the closed position, which is permissible according to the above-mentioned standard.

#### Circuit-breaker

Circuit-breaker	Type 1.1	Туре 2	
Short-circuit breaking current	up to 17.5 kV/25 kA	up to 17.5 kV/25 kA	
	or 24 kV/21 kA	or 24 kV/21 kA	
Rated operating sequence			
O - 0.3 s - CO - 3 min - CO	•	-	
O - 0.3 s - CO - 15 s - CO	on request	-	
O - 3 min - CO - 3 min - CO	-	•	
Number of			
breaking operations Ir	10,000	2000	
short-circuit breaking operations	up to 50	up to 20	
I <sub>SC</sub>			
In individual panel 430 mm	•	•	
500 mm	•	•	
In panel block 430 mm	•	•	

Explanations:

• Design option

Not available

### Vacuum circuit-breaker

#### **Electrical service life**



Rated short-circuit breaking current 20 kA



Rated short-circuit breaking current 16 kA

Max. number of short-circuit breaking operations



Rated short-circuit breaking current 25 kA



Rated short-circuit breaking current 20 kA

### Vacuum circuit-breaker type 2

### Secondary equipment of the vacuum circuit-breakers

#### Motor operating mechanism

Operating voltages for motor operating mechanisms:

- 24, 48, 60, 110, 220 V DC
- 110 and 230 V AC, 50/60 Hz.

Further values on request.

Motor rating for circuit-breaker operating mechanism type 1.1 at 24 V to 220 V DC: maximum 500 W 110 V and 230 V AC: maximum 650 VA.

Motor rating for disconnector operating mechanism and circuit-breaker operating mechanism type 2 at DC: maximum 80 W AC: maximum 80 VA.

#### Secondary components

The scope of the secondary equipment of the vacuum circuit-breaker depends on the type of application and offers a wide range of possible variations, allowing almost every requirement to be satisfied.

#### **Closing solenoid**

• For electrical closing.

#### Shunt release

 Magnet coil for tripping by protection device or electrical actuation.

#### C.t.-operated release

- For tripping pulse 0.1 Ws in conjunction with suitable protection systems, e.g. protection system 7SJ45 or make Woodward/SEG type WIC; other designs on request
- Used if external auxiliary voltage is missing, tripping via protection relay.

#### Low-energy magnetic release

• For tripping pulse 0.02 Ws, tripping via transformer monitor (IKI-30).

#### Undervoltage release

- Comprising:
  - Energy store and unlatching mechanism
  - Electromagnetic system, which is permanently connected to voltage while the vacuum circuit-breaker is closed: tripping is initiated when this voltage drops.

#### Anti-pumping

(mechanical and electrical)

• Function: If constant CLOSE and OPEN commands are present at the vacuum circuit-breaker at the same time, the vacuum circuit-breaker will return to the open position after closing. It remains in this position until a new CLOSE command is given. In this manner, continuous closing and opening (= pumping) is avoided.

1) Depending on the secondary components selected; equipment example with closing solenoid and 1 shunt release

#### **Circuit-breaker tripping signal**

- For electrical signaling (as pulse > 10 ms), e.g. to remote control systems, in the case of automatic tripping (e.q. protection)
- Via limit switch and cutout switch.

#### Varistor module

- To limit overvoltages to approx. 500 V for protection devices (when inductive components are mounted in the vacuum circuit-breaker)
- For auxiliary voltages  $\geq$  60 V DC.

#### Auxiliarv switch

• For electrical position indication.

#### Position switch

· For signaling "closing spring charged".

#### Mechanical interlocking

- · Dependent on the type of operating mechanism
- Interrogation of the three-position disconnector from the switchgear side
- Option: Operating mechanism with mechanical interlocking as
  - Stored-energy mechanism with closing solenoid and pushbutton: The pushbutton operated by the mechanical interlocking prevents a continuous command to the closing solenoid
- · During operation of the three-position disconnector from CLOSED to OPEN, the vacuum circuit-breaker cannot be closed.

#### **Operations** counter

• As numeric indicator, 5 digits, mechanical.

#### **Circuit-breaker equipment**

Circuit-breaker	Type 1.1	Туре 2		
Motor operating mechanism	0	0		
Closing solenoid	•	0		
Shunt release	0	0		
C.toperated release	0	0		
Low-energy magnetic release	-	0		
Undervoltage release	0	0		
Anti-pumping	•	o.r.		
Circuit-breaker tripping signal	•	0		
Varistor module	for DC $\ge$ 60 V	for DC $\ge$ 60 V		
Auxiliary switch				
6 NO + NC	•	•		
free contacts thereof 1)	2 NO + 2 NC +	2 NO + 3 NC +		
	2 changeover	2 changeover		
11 NO + 11 NC	0	-		
free contacts thereof <sup>1)</sup>	7 NO + 7 NC +	-		
	2 changeover			
Position switch	•	•		
Mechanical interlocking	•	•		
Operations counter	•	0		
<ul> <li>standard</li> <li>option</li> <li>or, = on request</li> </ul>	<u>Abbreviations:</u> NO = Normally open contact NC = Normally closed contac:			

### Busbar extension, modularity

#### Features

- Busbar extension possible on all individual panels and panel blocks (ordering option)
- Plug-in unit consisting of contact coupling and screened silicone coupling
- Insensitive to pollution and condensation
- Switchgear installation, extension or panel replacement is possible <u>without</u> gas work
- Busbar connections to metering panels are possible.

Every panel block and every individual panel is optionally available with busbar extension on the right, on the left or on both sides. This offers a high flexibility for the creation of switchgear configurations whose functional units can be lined up in any order. Local installation and lining up is done without gas work.

Lining up takes place as follows:

- By the busbar couplings on the medium-voltage side. Tolerances between adjacent panels are compensated by spherical fixed contacts and the movable contact coupling with degrees of freedom in all axis directions.
- By safe dielectric sealing with screened silicone couplings that are externally earthed and adjustable to tolerances. These silicone couplings are pressed on with a defined pressure when the panels are interconnected.
- On free busbar ends, screened dummy plugs are inserted, each of which is pressed on through a metal cover. A common protective cover with a warning is fixed over all three covers.
- By centering bolts for easier switchgear installation and fixing of adjacent panels.
- By bolted panel joints with defined stops for the distances between adjacent panels and the associated pressure for contact pieces and silicone couplings.

Switchgear installation, extension or replacement of one or more functional units requires a lateral wall distance  $\ge 200$  mm.



#### Surge-proof termination



- 1 Contact piece
- 2 Silicone coupling
- 3 Tension spring for earthing
- 4 Centering bolt
- 5 Silicone dummy plug with insertable sleeve
- 6 Clamping cover for dummy plugs
- 7 Busbar termination cover

### HV HRC fuse assembly

#### Features

- Application in switch-disconnector/fuse combination in – Transformer feeders (T)
  - Bus sectionalizer with switch-disconnector/fuse combination (H)
- HV HRC fuse-links according to DIN 43625 (main dimensions) with striker; "medium" version according to IEC/EN 60282-1/VDE 0670-4
  - As short-circuit protection for transformers
  - With selectivity depending on correct selection -
  - to upstream and downstream connected equipment 1-pole insulated
- Requirements according to IEC/EN 62271-105/VDE 0671-105 fulfilled in high-voltage switch-fuse combinations
- Climate-independent and maintenance-free
- Fuse assembly connected to the three-position switchdisconnector via welded-in bushings and connecting bars
- Arrangement of fuse assembly below the switchgear vessel
- Fuses can only be replaced if feeder is earthed
- Fuse slide for reference dimension 292 mm and 442 mm

Option with three-position switch-disconnector

- Shunt release (f-release)
- "Tripped signal" of the transformer switch for remote electrical indication with 1 normally open contact.

#### Mode of operation

In the event that an HV HRC fuse-link has tripped, the switchdisconnector is tripped via an articulation which is integrated into the cover of the fuse box (see figure).

In the event that the fuse tripping fails, e.g. if the fuse has been inserted incorrectly, the fuse box is protected by thermal protection. The overpressure generated by overheating trips the switch via the diaphragm in the cover of the fuse box and via an articulation. This prevents the fuse box from incurring irreparable damage.

This thermal protection works independently of the type and design of the HV HRC fuse used. Like the fuse itself, it is maintenance-free and independent of any outside climatic effects.

Furthermore, the HV HRC fuses (e.g. make SIBA) release the striker depending on the temperature and trip the switch-disconnector as early as in the fuse overload range. Impermissible heating of the fuse box can be avoided in this way.

# **Replacement of HV HRC fuse-links** (without tools)

- Isolate and earth the transformer feeder
- Open the cover of the fuse access
- Replace the HV HRC fuse-link.



- 1 Fuse box
- 2 Fuse slide
- 3 Tripping pin for spring-operated/stored-energy mechanism
- 4 Sealing cover with seal
- 5 Locking cap
- 6 HV HRC fuse
- 7 Cable connection
- 8 Bushing
- 9 Switchgear vessel

#### Schematic sketches for fuse tripping



#### Note to HV HRC fuse-links

According to IEC 60282-1 (2009) Clause 6.6, the breaking capacity of HV HRC fuses is tested within the scope of the type test at 87% of their rated voltage. In three-phase systems with resonance-earthed or isolated neutral, under double earth fault and other conditions, the full phase-tophase voltage may be available at the HV HRC fuse during breaking. Depending on the size of the operating voltage of such a system, this applied voltage may then exceed 87% of the rated voltage. It must therefore already be ensured during configuration of the switching devices and selection of the HV HRC fuse that only such fuse-links are used, which either satisfy the above operating conditions, or whose breaking capacity was tested at least with the maximum system voltage. In case of doubt, a suitable HV HRC fuse must be selected together with the fuse manufacturer.

### Allocation of HV HRC fuses and transformer ratings

#### Fuse protection table

The following table shows the recommended HV HRC fuse-links make SIBA and Mersen (electrical data valid for ambient air temperatures of up to 40  $^{\circ}$ C) for fuse protection of transformers.

#### Standards

HV HRC fuse-links "medium" version with striker and for tripping energy 1  $\pm$  0.5 Joule according to

- IEC/EN 60282-1/VDE 0670-4
- IEC/EN 60787/VDE 0670-402
- DIN 43625 main dimensions.

	Transformer			HV HRC fuse	HV HRC fuse			Make Mersen	
System operating voltage U <sub>n</sub>	Rated power S <sub>N</sub>	Relative impedance voltage u <sub>k</sub>	Rated current I <sub>1</sub>	Rated current of fuse $I_{\rm fuse}$	Operating voltage U <sub>fuse</sub>	Dimension e	Order No.	Order No.	
۲.V	kVA	%	A	А	kV	mm			
.3-3.6	20	4	3.5	6.3	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.6,3	-	
				10	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.10	-	
	30	4	5.25	10	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.10	-	
			0.75	16	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.16	-	
	50	4	8.75	16	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.16	-	
	75	4	13.1	20 20	3-7.2 3-7.2	292 292	30 098 13.20 30 098 13.20	-	
	15	7	13.1	25	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.25	_	
	100	4	17.5	31.5	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.31,5	-	
				40	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.40	-	
	125	4	21.87	31.5	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.31,5	-	
				40	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.40	-	
	160	4	28	40	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.40	-	
			25	50	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.50	-	
	200	4	35	50	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.50	-	
	250	4	43.74	63 63	3-7.2 3-7.2	292 292	30 099 13.63 30 099 13.63	-	
	250	4	43.74	63 80	3-7.2	292	30 099 13.63		
.16-4.8	20	4	2.78	6.3	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.6,3	_	
.10-4.0	30	4	4.16	10	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.10	-	
	50	4	6.93	16	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.16	-	
	75	4	10.4	16	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.16	-	
				20	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.20	-	
	100	4	13.87	20	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.20	-	
				25	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.25	-	
	125	4	17.35	25	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.25	-	
				31.5	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.31,5	-	
	160	4	22.2	31.5	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.31,5	-	
	200	4	27.75	40 40	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.40	-	
	200	4	27.75	50	3-7.2 3-7.2	292 292	30 098 13.40 30 098 13.50	-	
	250	4	34.7	50	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.50	-	
	230	Т	54.7	63	3-7.2	292	30 099 13.63	_	
	315	4	43.7	63	3-7.2	292	30 099 13.63	-	
				80	3-7.2	292	30 099 13.80	_	
.0-5.5	20	4	2.3	6.3	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.6,3	-	
	30	4	3.4	6.3	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.6,3	-	
				10	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.10	-	
	50	4	5.7	10	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.10	-	
	75		0.6	16	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.16	-	
	75	4	8.6	16	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.16	-	
	100	4	11.5	20 16	3-7.2 3-7.2	292 292	30 098 13.20 30 098 13.16	_	
	100	4	11.5	20	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.16	_	
	125	4	14.4	20	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.20	-	
				25	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.25	-	
	160	4	18.4	31.5	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.31,5	-	
				40	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.40	-	
	200	4	23	40	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.40	-	
				50	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.50	-	
	250	4	28.8	40	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.40	-	
				50	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.50	-	
	315	4	36.3	50	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.50	-	
	400	4	46.1	63	3-7.2	292	30 099 13.63	-	
	400	4	46.1	63 80	3-7.2 3-7.2	292 292	30 099 13.63 30 099 13.80	-	

	Transformer			HV HRC fuse			Make Siba	Make Mersen	
System operating voltage U <sub>n</sub>	Rated power S <sub>N</sub>	Relative impedance	Rated current I <sub>1</sub>	Rated current of fuse $I_{fuse}$	Operating voltage	Dimension e	Order No.	Order No.	
V V	kVA	voltage u <sub>k</sub> %	А	А	U <sub>fuse</sub> kV	mm			
5-7.2	20	4	1.9	6.3	6-12	292	30 004 13.6,3	_	
				6.3	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.6,3	-	
				6.3	6-12	442	30 101 13.6,3	-	
	50	4	4.8	10	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.10	-	
				10	6-12	292	30 004 13.10	-	
				10 16	6-12 3-7.2	442 292	30 101 13.10 30 098 13.16	_	
				16	6-12	292	30 004 13.16	45DB120V16PTS2	
				16	6-12	442	30 101 13.16	-	
	75	4	7.2	16	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.16	-	
				16	6-12	292	30 004 13.16	45DB120V16PTS	
	100	4	9.6	<u>16</u> 16	6-12 3-7.2	442 292	30 101 13.16 30 098 13.16	_	
	100		5.0	16	6-12	292	30 004 13.16	-	
				16	6-12	442	30 101 13.16	-	
				20	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.20	-	
				20	6-12	292	30 004 13.20	-	
				20 25	6-12 6-12	442 292	30 101 13.20		
	125	4	12	20	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.20	45DB120V25PTS	
				20	6-12	292	30 004 13.20	-	
				20	6-12	442	30 101 13.20	-	
				25	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.25	-	
				25 25	6-12	292	30 004 13.25	45DB120V25PTS2	
	160	4	15.4	31.5	6-12 3-7.2	442 292	30 101 13.25 30 098 13.31,5	_	
	100		13.1	31.5	6-12	292	30 004 13.31,5	45DB120V32PTS2	
				31.5	6-12	442	30 101 13.31,5	-	
	200	4	19.2	31.5	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.31,5	-	
				31.5	6-12	292	30 004 13.31,5	-	
				31.5 40	6-12 3-7.2	442 292	30 101 13.31,5 30 098 13.40	-	
				40	6-12	292	30 004 13.40	45DB120V40PTS2	
				40	6-12	442	30 101 13.40	-	
	250	4	24	40	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.40	-	
				40	6-12	292	30 004 13.40	-	
				40 50	6-12 3-7.2	442 292	30 101 13.40 30 098 13.50	-	
				50	6-12	292	30 004 13.50	_	
				50	6-12	442	30 101 13.50	_	
				63	6-12	292	30 012 43.63	45DB120V63PTS2	
	315	4	30.3	50	3-7.2	292	30 098 13.50	-	
				50	6-12	292	30 004 13.50	45DB120V50PTS2	
				50 63	6-12 6-12	442 292	30 101 13.50 30 012 43.63	- 45DB120V63PTS2	
				80	6-12	292	-	45DB120V80PTS2	
	400	4	38.4	63	6-12	292	30 012 43.63	-	
				80	6-12	292	30 012 43.80	45DB120V80PTS2	
				80	6-12	442	30 102 43.80	-	
				63 63	3-7.2 6-12	292 292	30 099 13.63 30 012 13.63	-	
				63	6-12	442	30 102 13.63	-	
				100	6-12	292	-	45DB120V100PT	
	500	4	48	80	6-12	292	30 012 43.80	-	
				80	6-12	442	30 102 43.80	-	
				80 80	3-7.2 6-12	292	30 099 13.80 30 012 13.80	-	
				80	6-12	292 442	30 012 13.80	-	
				100	6-12	292	30 012 43.100	45DB120V100PT	
				100	6-12	442	30 102 43.100	45DB120V100PT	
	630	4	61	100	6-12	442	30 102 43.100	-	
				125	6-12	292	30 020 43.125	45DB120V125PT	
	800	4	77	125 160	6-12 6-12	442 292	30 103 43.125	- 45DB120V160PT	
10-12	20	4	1.15	4	6-12	292	30 004 13.4	-	
	50	4	2.9	10	6-12	292	30 004 13.10	45DB120V10PTS	
				10	6-12	442	30 101 13.10	-	
				10	10-17.5	292	30 255 13.10	-	
				10	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.10	-	
	75	1	1.2	10	10-24	442	30 006 13.10	45DB240V10PTD	
	/5	4	4.3	10 10	6-12 6-12	292 442	30 004 13.10 30 101 13.10	45DB120V10PTD	
				10	10-17.5	292	30 255 13.10	-	
				10	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.10	-	

	Transformer			HV HRC fuse			Make Siba	Make Mersen
System	Rated power	Relative	Rated	Rated current	Operating	Dimension e	Order No.	Order No.
operating voltage U <sub>n</sub>	S <sub>N</sub>	impedance voltage u <sub>k</sub>	current I <sub>1</sub>	of fuse I <sub>fuse</sub>	voltage			
kV	kVA	%	A	А	U <sub>fuse</sub> kV	mm		
10-12	100	4	5.8	16	6-12	292	30 004 13.16	-
				16	6-12	442	30 101 13.16	-
				16 16	10-17.5 10-17.5	292 442	30 255 13.16 30 231 13.16	-
				16	10-24	442	30 006 13.16	45DB240V16PTD
	125	4	7.2	16	6-12	292	30 004 13.16	45DB120V16PTD
				16 16	6-12 10-17.5	442 292	30 101 13.16 30 255 13.16	_
				16	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.16	-
			_	16	10-24	442	30 006 13.16	45DB240V16PTD
	160	4	9.3	20 20	10-24 6-12	442 292	- 30 004 13.20	45DB240V20PTD 45DB120V20PTD
				20	6-12	442	30 101 13.20	-
				20 20	10-17.5 10-17.5	292 442	30 221 13.20 30 231 13.20	-
				20	10-17.5	442	30 006 13.20	- 45DB240V20PTD
	200	4	11.5	25	6-12	292	30 004 13.25	45DB120V25PTD
				25	6-12	442	30 101 13.25	-
				25 25	10-17.5 10-17.5	292 442	30 221 13.25 30 231 13.25	-
				25	10-24	442	30 006 13.25	45DB240V25PTD
	250	4	14.5	25 25	6-12 6-12	292 442	30 004 13.25 30 101 13.25	45DB120V25PTD
				25	10-17.5	292	30 221 13.25	-
				25	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.25	-
				25 31.5	10-24 6-12	442 292	30 006 13.25 30 004 13.31,5	45DB240V25PTD
				31.5	6-12	442	30 101 13.31,5	-
				31.5	10-17.5	292	30 221 13.31,5	-
				31.5 31.5	10-17.5 10-24	442 442	30 231 13.31,5 30 006 13.31,5	
	315	4	18.3	31.5	6-12	292	30 004 13.31,5	45DB240V32PTD 45DB120V32PTD
				31.5	6-12	442	30 101 13.31,5	-
				31.5 31.5	10-17.5 10-17.5	292 442	30 221 13.31,5 30 231 13.31,5	-
				31.5	10-24	442	30 006 13.31,5	- 45DB240V32PTD
				40	6-12	292	30 004 13.40	-
				40 40	6-12 10-17.5	442 292	30 101 13.40 30 221 13.40	-
				40	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.40	-
				40	10-24	442	30 006 13.40	45DB240V40PTD
	400	4	23.1	40 40	6-12 6-12	292 442	30 004 13.40 30 101 13.40	45DB120V40PTD -
				40	10-17.5	292	30 221 13.40	-
				40	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.40	
				40 50	10-24 6-12	442 292	30 006 13.40 30 004 13.50	45DB240V40PTD -
				50	6-12	442	30 101 13.50	-
				50	10-17.5	292	30 221 13.50	-
				50 50	10-17.5 10-24	442 442	30 232 13.50 30 014 13.50	- 45DB240V50PTS
	500	4	29	50	6-12	292	30 004 13.50	45DB120V50PTD
				50 50	6-12 10-17.5	442 292	30 101 13.50 30 221 13.50	-
				50	10-17.5	442	30 232 13.50	-
				50	10-24	442	30 014 13.50	45DB240V50PTD
				63 63	6-12 10-24	292 442	30 012 43.63 30 014 43.63	45DB120V63PTS2 45DB240V63PTD
	630	4	36.4	63	6-12	292	30 012 43.63	-
				80	10-24	442	30 014 43.80	45DB240V80PTS
				63 63	6-12 6-12	292 442	30 012 13.63 30 102 13.63	- 45DB120V63PTD
				63	10-17.5	442	30 232 13.63	-
				80	6-12	292	30 012 43.80	
	800	5 to 6	46.2	80 63	6-12 6-12	442 292	30 102 43.80 30 012 13.63	45DB120V80PTS2 -
				80	6-12	292	30 012 43.80	45DB120V80PTS2
				80	6-12 10-24	442 442	30 102 43.80	- 45DB240V80PTS
	1000	5 to 6	58	80 100	6-12	292	-	45DB240V80PTS 45DB120V100PTS2
				100	6-12	442	30 102 43.100	45DB120V100PTS3
	1250	5 to 6	72.2	100 125	10-24 6-12	442 292	-	45DB240V100PTS 45DB120V125PTS2
	1250	5 10 0	12.2	125	6-12	442	- 30 103 43.125	45DB120V125PTS2 45DB120V125PTS3
				125	10-24	442	-	45DB240V125PTS

	Transformer			HV HRC fuse			Make Siba	Make Mersen
System	Rated power	Relative	Rated	Rated current	Operating	Dimension e	Order No.	Order No.
operating	S <sub>N</sub>	impedance	current I <sub>1</sub>	of fuse I <sub>fuse</sub>	voltage			
voltage Ü <sub>n</sub> XV	kVA	voltage u <sub>k</sub> %	А	А	U <sub>fuse</sub> kV	mm		
3.8	20	4	0.8	3.15	10-24	442	30 006 13.3,15	_
5.0	50	4	2.1	6.3	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.6,3	_
	50		2.1	6.3	10-24	442	30 006 13.6,3	_
				10	10-24	442		45DB240V10PT
	75	4	3.2	6.3	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.6,3	-
				10	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.10	-
	100	4	4.2	10	10-24	442	30 006 13.10	45DB240V10PT
	100	4	4.2	16	10-17.5 10-17.5	442 442	30 231 13.10 30 231 13.16	-
				16	10-24	442	30 006 13.16	45DB240V16PT
	125	4	5.3	10	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.10	-
				16	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.16	-
				16	10-24	442	30 006 13.16	45DB240V16PT
	160	4	6.7	16	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.16	-
	200	4	8.4	<u>16</u> 16	10-24 10-17.5	442 442	- 30 231 13.16	45DB240V16PT
	200	4	0.4	20	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.20	_
				20	10-24	442	30 006 13.20	45DB240V20PT
	250	4	10.5	20	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.20	-
				25	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.25	-
				25	10-24	442	30 006 13.25	45DB240V25PT
	315	4	13.2	25	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.25	-
				25	10-24	442	-	45DB240V25PT
				31.5 31.5	10-17.5 10-24	442 442	30 231 13.31,5 30 006 13.31,5	- 45DB240V32PT
	400	4	16.8	31.5	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.31,5	-
	100		10.0	31.5	10-24	442	30 006 13.31,5	45DB240V32PT
				40	10-24	442	-	45DB240V40PT
	500	4	21	40	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.40	-
				40	10-24	442	30 006 13.40	45DB240V40PT
			26.4	50	10-24	442	-	45DB240V50PT
	630	4	26.4	50	10-17.5	442	30 232 13.50	
				50 63	10-24 10-24	442 442	30 014 13.50	45DB240V50PT 45DB240V63PT
				80	10-24	442	_	45DB240V83PT
	800	5 to 6	33.5	63	10-24	442	30 014 43.63	45DB240V63PT
				80	10-24	442	-	45DB240V80PT
	1000	5 to 6	41.9	80	10-24	442	30 014 43.80	45DB240V80PT
	1250	5 to 6	52.3	100	10-24	442	-	45DB240V100P
5-17.5	20	4	0.77	3.15	10-24	442	30 006 13.3,15	-
	50	4	1.9	6.3 6.3	10-17.5 10-24	442 442	30 231 13.6,3 30 006 13.6,3	-
	75	4	2.9	6.3	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.6,3	_
	, 5		2.5	10	10-24	442	-	45DB240V10PT
	100	4	3.9	10	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.10	-
				10	10-24	442	-	45DB240V10PT
	125	4	4.8	16	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.16	-
	4.60		6.2	16	10-24	442	30 006 13.16	45DB240V16PT
	160	4	6.2	16 16	10-17.5 10-24	442 442	30 231 13.16	- 45DB240V16PT
	200	4	7.7	16	10-24	442	-	45DB240V16PT
	200	7	1.1	20	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.20	-
				20	10-24	442	30 006 13.20	-
	250	4	9.7	25	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.25	-
				25	10-24	442	30 006 13.25	45DB240V25PT
	315	4	12.2	25	10-24	442	-	45DB240V25PT
				31.5	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.31,5	-
	400	4	15.5	31.5 31.5	10-24 10-17.5	442	<u>30 006 13.31,5</u> 30 231 13.31.5	
	400	4	15.5	31.5	10-17.5	442		- 45DB240V32PT
	500	4	19.3	31.5	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.31,5	
				31.5	10-24	442	30 006 13.31,5	
				40	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.40	-
				40	10-24	442	30 006 13.40	45DB240V40PT
	630	4	24.3	40	10-17.5	442	30 231 13.40	-
				40	10-24	442	30 006 13.40	-
				50	10-17.5	442 442	30 232 13.50	
				50				
				50 63	10-24 10-24		30 014 13.50 30 014 43 63	45DB240V50P1
	800	5 to 6	30.9	63	10-24	442	30 014 43.63	- -
	<u>800</u> 1000	5 to 6 5 to 6	30.9 38.5					45DB240V50PT - - -
				63 63	10-24 10-24	442 442	30 014 43.63 30 014 43.63	

	Transformer			HV HRC fuse		Make Siba	Make Mersen	
System operating voltage U <sub>n</sub>	Rated power S <sub>N</sub>	Relative impedance voltage u <sub>k</sub>	Rated current I <sub>1</sub>	Rated current of fuse $I_{\rm fuse}$	Operating voltage U <sub>fuse</sub>	Dimension e	Order No.	Order No.
kV	kVA	%	A	A	kV	mm		
20-24	20	4	0.57	3.15	10-24	442	30 006 13.3,15	-
	50	4	1.5	6.3	10-24	442	30 006 13.6,3	-
	75	4	2.2	6.3	10-24	442	30 006 13.6,3	-
	100	4	2.9	6.3	10-24	442	30 006 13.6,3	-
				10	10-24	442	-	45DB240V10PTI
	125	4	3.6	10	10-24	442	30 006 13.10	45DB240V10PT
	160	4	4.7	10	10-24	442	30 006 13.10	-
	200	4	5.8	16	10-24	442	30 006 13.16	45DB240V16PTI
	250	4	7.3	16	10-24	442	30 006 13.16	45DB240V16PT
	315	4	9.2	16	10-24	442	30 006 13.16	-
				20	10-24	442	30 006 13.20	-
				25	10-24	442	-	45DB240V25PT
	400	4	11.6	20	10-24	442	30 006 13.20	-
				25	10-24	442	30 006 13.25	45DB240V25PT
	500	4	14.5	25	10-24	442	30 006 13.25	45DB240V25PT
				31.5	10-24	442	30 006 13.31,5	45DB240V32PT
	630	4	18.2	31.5	10-24	442	30 006 13.31,5	45DB240V32PT
				40	10-24	442	30 006 13.40	45DB240V40PT
	800	5 to 6	23.1	31.5	10-24	442	30 006 13.31,5	-
				40	10-24	442	30 006 13.40	45DB240V40PT
	1000	5 to 6	29	50	10-24	442	30 014 13.50	45DB240V50PT
				63	10-24	442	30 014 43.63	-
	1250	5 to 6	36	50	10-24	442	-	45DB240V50PT
				80	10-24	442	30 014 43.80	-
	1600	5 to 6	46.5	100	10-24	442	30 022 43.100	-
	2000	5 to 6	57.8	140	10-24	442	30 022 43.140	-
### Cable-type current transformers 4MC70 33 and 4MC70 31

#### Features

• According to IEC/EN 61869-1 and -2/ VDE 0414-9-1 and -2

- Designed as ring-core current transformers, 1-pole
- Free of dielectrically stressed cast-resin parts (due to design)
- Insulation class E
- Inductive type
- Secondary connection by means of a terminal strip in the panel.

#### Installation

The mounting location is outside the switchgear vessel, around the cable at the panel connection; installation on the cable on site.

<u>Note</u>: Installation inside or underneath the panel depending on the panel type and the overall transformer height.



#### Technical data

Cable-type current transformer 4MC70 33					
Primary data					
Highest voltage for equipment U <sub>m</sub>	0.72 kV				
Rated current I <sub>N</sub>	20 A to 600 A				
Rated short-duration power-frequency withstand voltage (winding test)	3 kV				
Rated short-time thermal current I <sub>th</sub>	up to 25 kA/1 s or 20 kA/3 s				
Rated continuous thermal current I <sub>D</sub>	1.2 x <i>I</i> <sub>N</sub>				
Transient overload current	1.5 x <i>I</i> <sub>D</sub> /1 h or 2 x <i>I</i> <sub>D</sub> /0.5 h				
Rated dynamic current I <sub>dyn</sub>	2.5 x <i>I</i> <sub>th</sub>				

#### Secondary data

Rated current		1 A or 5 A, optionally: multiratio		
Mea-	Class	0.2	0.5	1
suring	Overcurrent factor	without   FS5   FS10		
core	Rating	2.5 VA to 30 VA		
Protec-	Class	10 P	5 P	
tion	Overcurrent factor	10	20	30
core	Rating	1 VA t	o 30 VA	

#### Dimensions

Overall height H, mm depending on core data	65   110   170   285			
Outside diameter	150 mm			
Inside diameter	55 mm			
For cable diameter	50 mm			
Other values on request				

#### **Technical data**

Cable-type current transformer 4MC70 31

Primary data				
Highest voltage for equipment U <sub>m</sub>	0.72 kV			
Rated current I <sub>N</sub>	50 A to 600 A			
Rated short-duration power-frequency withstanc voltage (winding test)	3 kV			
Rated short-time thermal current I <sub>th</sub>	up to 25 kA/1 s or 14.5 kA/3 s			
Rated continuous thermal current <i>I</i> D	1.2 x <i>I</i> <sub>N</sub>			
Transient overload current	1.5 x <i>I</i> <sub>D</sub> /1 h or 2 x <i>I</i> <sub>D</sub> /0.5 h			
Rated dynamic current I <sub>dyn</sub>	2.5 x <i>I</i> <sub>th</sub>			

#### Secondary data

Rated current		1 A or 5 A	
Mea- Class		1	
suring	Overcurrent factor	FS5	
core Rating		2.5 VA to 10 VA	
Dimens	ions		
Overall	height H	89 mm	

Width x depth	85 mm x 114 mm
Inside diameter	40 mm
For cable diameter	36 mm
Other values on request	

### Three-phase current transformer 4MC63

#### Features

- According to IEC/EN 61869-1 and -2/ VDE 0414-9-1 and -2
- Designed as ring-core current transformer, 3-pole
- Free of dielectrically stressed cast-resin parts (due to design)
- Insulation class E
- Inductive type
- Climate-independent
- Secondary connection by means of a terminal strip in the panel.

#### Installation

- Mounting location:
- For individual panels type
   R(500) and L(500) (optional)
- Arranged outside the switchgear vessel on the bushings of the cable connection
- Factory-assembled.

### Further designs

(option)

For protection equipment based on the current-transformer operation principle:

- Protection system 7SJ45 as definite-time overcurrent protection
- Definite-time overcurrent protection relay, make Woodward/SEG, type WIP 1
- Definite-time overcurrent protection relay, make Woodward/SEG, type WIC.

#### Three-phase current transformer 4MC63



#### **Technical data**

Three-phase current transformer 4MC63 10 for  $I_{\rm N} \leq$  150 A and  $I_{\rm D}$  = 630 A

#### Primary data

i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
Highest voltage for equipment U <sub>m</sub>	0.72 kV
Rated current I <sub>N</sub> A	150   100   75   50
Rated short-duration power-frequency withstand voltage (winding test)	3 kV
Rated short-time thermal current I <sub>th</sub>	up to 25 kA/1 s or 20 kA/3 s
Rated continuous thermal current I <sub>D</sub>	630 A
Transient overload current	1.5 x <i>I</i> <sub>D</sub> /1 h
Rated dynamic current I <sub>dyn</sub>	2.5 x <i>I</i> <sub>th</sub>

#### Secondary data

Rated c	urrent	А	1	0.67	0.5	0.33
Rating VA		2.5 1.7 1.25 0.8			0.8	
Current at I <sub>D</sub>			4.2 A			
Protec-	Class		10 F	)		
tion core	Overcurrent fa	ctor	10			

Other values on request

#### **Technical data**

Three-phase current transformer 4MC63 11 for  $I_{\rm N} \leq$  400 A and  $I_{\rm D}$  = 630 A

#### Primary data

Highest voltage for equipment U <sub>m</sub>	0.72 kV
Rated current I <sub>N</sub> A	400   300   200
Rated short-duration power-frequency withstand voltage (winding test)	3 kV
Rated short-time thermal current I <sub>th</sub>	up to 25 kA/1 s or 20 kA/3 s
Rated continuous thermal current I <sub>D</sub>	630 A
Transient overload current	2 x <i>I</i> <sub>D</sub> /0.5 h
Rated dynamic current I <sub>dyn</sub>	2.5 x <i>I</i> <sub>th</sub>

#### Secondary data

Rated c	urrent	А	1	0.75	0.5		
Rating		VA	4	3	2		
Current	Current at I <sub>D</sub>			1.575 A			
Protec-	Class		10 P				
tion core	Overcurren	t factor	10				

Other values on request

### Bus/cable-type current transformer 4MC70 32

#### Features

- According to IEC/EN 61869-1 and -2/ VDE 0414-9-1 and -2
- Designed as ring-core current transformer, 1-pole
- Free of dielectrically stressed cast-resin parts (due to design)
- Insulation class E
- Inductive type
- Secondary connection by means of a terminal strip in the panel.

#### Installation

- Mounting location:
- Arranged outside the switchgear vessel on the screened busbar section in bus sectionalizer panels type S and V with the option of busbar current transformers
- Arranged outside the switchgear vessel around the cable at the panel connection for 310 mm panel width (cable feeders type R and K), transformers mounted on a supporting plate at the factory; final assembly around the cables on site.

<u>Note:</u> Depending on the transformer overall height: Installation inside or underneath the panel.

# Bus/cable-type current transformer 4MC70 32

#### Technical data

#### Bus/cable-type current transformer 4MC70 32

#### Primary data

0.72 kV
200 A to 600 A
3 kV
up to 25 kA/1 s or 20 kA/3 s
1.2 x <i>I</i> <sub>N</sub>
1.5 x <i>I</i> <sub>D</sub> /1 h or 2 x <i>I</i> <sub>D</sub> /0.5 h
2.5 x <i>I</i> <sub>th</sub>

#### Secondary data

Rated current		1 A (option: 5 A)		
Mea- suring core	Class	0.2	1	
	Overcurrent factor	without	FS5	FS10
	Rating	2.5 VA to 10 VA		
Protec- tion core	Class	10 P   5 P *)		
	Overcurrent factor	10	10	
	Rating	2.5 VA to 15 VA		

#### Dimensions

Overall width B,	80 mm/150 mm
depending on core data	
and mounting location	
Outside diameter	125 mm
Inside diameter	55 mm
Other values on request	*) On request

#### Panel section type V



1 Bus/cable-type current transformer 4MC70 32

### Plug-in voltage transformers 4MT3 and 4MT8

#### **Common features**

- According to IEC/EN 61869-1 and -3/ VDE 0414-9-1 and -3
- 1-pole, plug-in design
- Inductive type
- · Connection with plug-in contact
- Safe-to-touch due to metal cover
- Secondary connection by means of plugs inside the panel.

#### Features of type 4MT3

- Metal-coated or metalenclosed (option)
- For outside-cone system type A.

#### Installation

- Mounting location:
- Arranged above the switchgear vessel in individual panels type L(500), M(430), V and E (optional)
- Arranged in front of the switchgear vessel in individual panel type M(500)
- Direct connection to the busbar.

#### Features of type 4MT8

- Metal-enclosed
- For connection to the cable plug-in unit (screened).

#### Installation

- Mounting location:
- Arranged in the cable compartment of individual panels type L(500) and R(500) (optional).

#### Plug-in voltage transformer 4MT3

**Technical data** 

kV

3.6

7.2

12

17.5

24



#### Plug-in voltage transformer 4MT8



#### for types 4MT3 \*) and 4MT8 \*) Primary data Highest voltage for equipment $1.2 \times U_n$ Rated voltage (8 h) = $1.9 \times U_n$ Rated voltage U<sub>r</sub> Operating voltage $U_n$ kV/√3 3.3 3.6 4.2 4.8 5.0 6.0 6.3 6.6

7.2 10.0

11.0

11.6

12.8

13.2

13.8

15.0 16.0

17.5 20.0 22.0 23.0

## Technical data

Secondary data			
Rated voltage	1 <sup>st</sup> winding	100/√3	
		110/√3	
	Auxiliary		100/3
	winding (o	otion)	110/3
for 4MT3			
Rated long-time curre	ent (8 h)	6 A	Class
Rating in VA up to		20	0.2
		60	0.5
		120	1.0
for 4MT8			
Rated long-time curre	ent (8 h)	6 A	Class
Rating in VA up to		25	0.2
		75	0.5
		120	1.0

#### Combination of voltage transformers 4MT8 \*) with cable T-plugs (without deep cable compartment cover)

Ma	ke	Туре	Design	Make	Туре	Design
Nex	xans	(K) 400 TB/G (K) 440 TB/G	Screened	Südkabel	SEHDT (13/23) without metal enclosure	Screened
Pry	smian	FMCTs-400	Screened			

\*) Removal required for dielectric test of switchgear on site (max.  $80 \% U_d$ )

### Current transformers 4MA7 and voltage transformers 4MR for air-insulated billing metering panels

up

up

up

20

up

1.2

ma

1 A

0.2

2.5

5 P

10

2.5

#### Features

#### Current transformer 4MA7

- According to IEC/EN 61869-1 and -2/ VDE 0414-9-1 and -2
- Dimensions according to DIN 42600-8 (small design)
- Designed as indoor supporttype current transformer, 1-pole
- Cast-resin insulated
- Insulation class E
- Secondary connection by means of screw-type terminals.

Voltage transformer 4MR

- According to IEC/EN 61869-1 and -3/ VDE 0414-9-1 and -3
- Dimensions according to DIN 42600-9 (small design)
- Designed as indoor voltage transformer:
- Type 4MR, 1-pole
- Option: Type 4MR, 2-pole
- Cast-resin insulated
- Insulation class E
- Secondary connection by means of screw-type terminals.



**Technical data** 

Primary data

Highest voltage

for equipment  $U_{\rm m}$ 

power-frequency

Rated current I<sub>N</sub>

Rated short-time

thermal current Ith

Rated continuous

thermal current ID

Class

Rating

Rating

Overcurrent factor with

Overcurrent factor

Rated dynamic

current I<sub>dyn</sub> Secondary data Rated current

Mea-

core

tion

core

suring

Protec- Class

Rated short-duration

withstand voltage  $U_{\rm d}$ 

withstand voltage  $U_{\rm p}$ 

Rated lightning impulse

**Current transformer 4MA7** 

#### Voltage transformer 4MR



#### **Technical data**

Voltage transformer 4MR, 1-pole

	Primary data		
to 24 kV	Highest voltage for equip	ment 1.2 x U <sub>n</sub>	
	Rated voltage (8 h) = 1.9	x U <sub>n</sub>	
to 50 kV	Rated voltage U <sub>r</sub>	Operating vo	ltage U <sub>n</sub>
	kV	kV/√3	
to 125 kV	3.6	3.3	
10 125 80	7.2	3.6	
A to 600 A		4.2	
to 25 kA/1 s		4.8	
		5.0	
$2 \times I_N$		6.0	
		6.3	
ax. 2.5 x I <sub>th</sub>		6.6	
	12	7.2	
		10.0	
۱ or 5 A		11.0	
2   0.5   1		11.6	
hout FS5 FS10	17.5	12.8	
5 VA to 30 VA		13.2	
P or 10 P		13.8	
		15.0	
5 VA to 30 VA		16.0	
	24	17.5	
		20.0	
		22.0	
		23.0	
	Secondary data		
	Rated voltage	1 <sup>st</sup> winding	100/√3
	in V		110/√3
			120/√3
		Auxiliary winding	100/3 110/3
		(option)	120/3
	Rating		Class
	in VA up to	20	0.2
		60	0.5
		100	1.0

Other values on request

Other values on request

### **Current sensors**

#### **Common features**

- According to IEC 61869-8 (current sensors)
- Example for available secondary devices that can be connected:
  - SICAM FCM
  - 7SJ81

## **Current sensors** (make Zelisko)

The current sensors are inductive current transformers whose secondary winding delivers a voltage signal through a precision shunt. At the rated primary current, this is 225 mV. Depending on their version, the sensors have a dual accuracy class; the output signal can be equally used for measuring, protection and, if required, earth-fault detection. The outgoing leads of the sensors are directly connected to the secondary device (SICAM FCM, 7SJ81).



Ring-core current sensor SMCS-JW 1001



Three-phase ring-core current sensor SMCS3-JW1004 with integrated earth-fault detection sensor



Ring-core current sensor SMCS/T-JW 1002, divisible



Ring-core current sensor GAE120/SENS-JW 1003 for earth-fault detection, divisible

		SMCS-JW1001		SMCS/ T-JW1002	GAE120/ SENS-JW1003	SMCS3- JW1004
Primary d	lata					
Highest vo for equipm	5	0.72/3 kV		0.72/3 kV	0.72/3 kV	0.72/3 kV
Rated curre	ent I <sub>N</sub>	300 A <sup>1)</sup>		300 A <sup>1)</sup>	60 A	300 A <sup>1)</sup>
Rated short thermal cur		25 kA 1 s		25 kA 1 s	25 kA 1 s	25 kA 1 s
Secondar	y data					
Output sig	nal	225 mV		225 mV	225 mV	225 mV
Manauring	Class	0.5; 1; 3		1; 3	-	0,5; 1; 3
Measuring	Overcurrent factor	-		-	-	-
Protection	Class	5P		5P	-	5P
Protection	Overcurrent factor	10 20		10; 20	-	10
	Class	-		-	1	1
	Angle error	-		-	± 120'	± 120'
detection	Composite error e	-		-	$\leq 10 \%$ (at 0.4 A) $\leq 20 \%$ (at 200 A)	≤ 10 % (at 0.4 A)
Rated burd	en	≥ 20 kOhm		≥ 20 kOhm	≥ 20 kOhm	≥ 20 kOhm
Dimensio	ns and installat	ion				
	ght, depending on rrent factor	28 mm	up to 56 mm	53 mm	130 mm (incl. mounting plate)	54 mm
External di	mensions in mm	128 x 106		111 x 106	242 x 226	300 x 132
Inside diam	neter in mm	82		55	120	84 (per phase)
Mounting l	ocation	Cable plug	2)	On the cable	On the cable	Cable plug <sup>2)</sup>
Usable for panel widths in mm		310, 430, 500	430, 500	310, 430, 500	310, 430, 500	310

1) Usable up to 2 x  $I_n$  = 600 A (output signal 2 x 225 mV) at constant accuracy class and half overcurrent factor

2) Mounting location at the bushings around the screened cable plug

#### Voltage sensors

#### **Common features**

- According to IEC 61869-7 (voltage sensors)
- Example for available secondary devices that can be connected:
  - SICAM FCM
  - 7SJ81

#### Voltage sensors (make Zelisko)

The voltage sensors are resistor dividers which provide an output signal of  $3.25 V/\sqrt{3}$  at the rated primary voltage. The outgoing leads of the sensors are directly connected to the secondary device (SICAM FCM, 7SJ81).



Voltage sensor SMVS-UW 1001



Voltage sensor SMVS-UW 1002

	S	MVS-UW1001	S	SMVS-UW1002		
Primary data						
Highest voltage for equipment U <sub>m</sub>	1.2 x <i>U</i> <sub>n</sub>		1.2 x <i>U</i> <sub>n</sub>			
Rated voltage (8 h)	1.9 x <i>U</i> <sub>n</sub>		1.9 x <i>U</i> <sub>n</sub>			
Rated voltage U <sub>r</sub>	12 kV	12 kV 24 kV		24 kV		
Operating voltage U <sub>n</sub>	10 kV	20 kV	10 kV	20 kV		
Secondary data						
Rated voltage	3.25 V/√3		3.25 V/√3	3.25 V/√3		
Class	0.5; 1; 3		0.5; 1; 3	0.5; 1; 3		
Rated burden	200 kOhm ±	1%	200 kOhm ±	200 kOhm ± 1%		
Installation						
Mounting location	make Nexan	On the screened cable plugs make Nexans type 440TB, K440TB; other types and makes on request		ened cable plugs nnectivity type RSTI-58, c, bles type CB-24 and r types and makes		

### Cable connection for feeders with bolted contact and outside cone type "C"

#### Features

- Access to the cable compartment only if the feeder has been disconnected and earthed
- Bushings according to DIN EN 50181 with outside cone and bolted connection M16 as interface type "C".

Connection of

- Cable elbow plugs or cable T-plugs with bolted contact M16 for 630 A
- Paper-insulated massimpregnated cables via customary adapters
- Thermoplastic-insulated cables (1-core and 3-core cables).

<u>Option</u>

• Mounted cable clamps on cable bracket.

#### Cable plugs

 As screened (semi-conductive) design independent of the site altitude, or

as unscreened (insulated) design, but then dependent on the site altitude.

#### Surge arresters

- Pluggable on cable T-plug, cable elbow plug or T-adapter
- The switchgear depth can be extended when surge arresters are mounted (depending on the make and type)
- Surge arresters recommended if, at the same time,
- the cable system is directly connected to the overhead line,
- the protection zone of the surge arrester at the end tower of the overhead line does not cover the switchgear.

#### Surge limiters

- Pluggable on cable T-plug
- Surge limiters recommended when motors with starting currents < 600 A are connected.

#### Cable compartment







Panel width 430 mm

Panel width 500 mm

	Switchgear height		1040 2)	1200	1400 without	1400 with
	without low-voltage				absorber base	absorber base,
	compartment 1)					or 1700
	Typical K, R	Λ	500	660	860	1160
	Typical R (8DJH Compact)	A	-	-	200	500
Panel width 430 mm Typical K(E), L		В	-	660	860	1160
Panel width 500 mm	Typical R(500), L(500)	С	-	510	710	1010

- 1) <u>Option:</u> With low-voltage compartment
- 2) Only for panel blocks RR, RRR, RT, RRT and RTR

185...260

2

40-2160a eps

#### **Connection options**





Single cable





- 1 Cable T-plug
- 2 Cable elbow plug
- 3 Surge arrester
- 4 Coupling T-plug
- 5 Screw-type coupling insert

Double cable

### **Cable plugs** for feeders with bolted contact and outside cone type "C" (further types on request)

Cable type	Cable plugs					
	Make	Se- rial no.	Туре	Design	Conductor cross-section	Design <sup>2)</sup>
		110.		T/W <sup>1)</sup>	mm <sup>2</sup>	
ermoplastic-insulated cable	es $\leq$ 12 kV according to IEC/EN 60502	2-2/VDE 0	276-620			
-core or 3-core cable,	Nexans		400 TB/G, 430 TB-630	Т	35-300	Screened
E and XLPE-insulated	Nexuity .		400 LB/G	W	35-300	Screened
I2YSY (Cu) and		3	440 TB/G	Т	185-630	Screened
I2XSY (Cu) r	nkt cables	4	CB 24-630	Т	25-300	Screened
A2YSY (AI) and		5	AB 24-630	Т	25-300	Insulated
A2XSY (AI)		6	CB 36-630 (1,250)	Т	300-630	Screened
	Südkabel	7	SET 12	Т	50-300	Screened
		8	SEHDT 13	Т	185-500	Screened
	Prysmian Kabel und Systeme (Pirelli Elektrik)	9	FMCTs-400	T	25-300	Screened
	3M	10	93-EE 705-6/-95	Т	50-95	Screened
		11	93-EE 705-6/-240	Т	95-240	Screened
	TE Connectivity	12	RICS 51 with IXSU	Т	25-300	Insulated
		13	RICS 31 with IXSU	Т	25-300	Insulated
		14	RSTI-39xx	Т	400-800	Screened
ermoplastic-insulated cable	es 15/17.5/24 kV according to IEC/EN	60502-2	/VDE 0276-620			
-core or 3-core cable,	Nexans		K400 TB/G, 430 TB-630	Т	35-300	Screened
E and XLPE-insulated			K400 LB/G	W	35-300	Screened
2YSY (Cu) and			K440 TB/G	T	185-630	Screened
2XSY (Cu) r	nkt cables		CB 24-630	Т	25-300	Screened
A2YSY (AI) and			AB 24-630	Т	25-300	Insulated
A2XSY (AI)		20	CB 36-630 (1,250)	Т	300-630	Screened
	Südkabel	21	SET 24	Т	50-240	Screened
		22	SEHDT 23.1	Т	300	Screened
		23	SEHDT 23	Т	185-630	Screened
	Prysmian Kabel und Systeme (Pirelli Elektrik)	24	FMCTs-400	T	25–240	Screened
	3M	25	93-EE 705-6/-95	Т	25–95	Screened
		26	93-EE 705-6/-240	Т	95–240	Screened
	TE Connectivity for		RICS 51 with IXSU	Т	25-300	Insulated
	1-core cable	<sup>s</sup> 28	RSTI-58xx	Т	25-300	Screened
		29	RSTI-59xx	Т	400-800	Screened
	for		RICS 51 with IXSU	Т	25-300	Insulated
	3-core cable	<sup>is</sup> 31	RSTI-58xx + RSTI-TRFxx	Т	25-300	Screened
per-insulated mass-impreg	nated cables $\leq$ 12 kV according to IEC	C/EN 600	55-2/VDE 0276-621			
-core cable as a belted able, paper-insulated (A)KBA: 6/10 kV	TE Connectivity		RICS 51 with UHGK/EPKT	т	95–300	Insulated
-core cable as a sheathed able, paper-insulat.	TE Connectivity	33	RICS 51 with IDST 51 <sup>3)</sup>	Т	50-300	Insulated
I(A) EKEBA: 6/10 kV						
per-insulated mass-impreg	nated cables 15/17.5/24 kV according	g to IEC/E	N 60055-2/VDE 0276-621			
core or 3-core cable,	TE Connectivity	34	RICS 51 with IDST 51 3)	Т	35-240	Insulated
aper-insulated (A)KLEY, N(A)KY N(A)EKBA: 12/20 kV						

1) T = Cable T-plug, W = Cable elbow plug

2) In connection with current transformers or sensors on the cable, use only screened systems.

3) Discontinued by the manufacturer

### Cable connection for single and double cables with surge arresters

To increase the mounting depth in the cable compartment, deep cable compartment covers can be ordered optionally (not for 8DJH Compact). The assignment to selected types of cable plugs and cable plug/surge arrester combinations is given in the following tables.



#### Double cable connection

Double cable connect	ion		Connection co	mbination	Deep cable compartment cover 1)		
Make	Se- rial no.	Cable plug (type)	Design <sup>2)</sup>	Arrangement	Mounting depth (mm)	Deeper by <b>a</b> (mm)	Depth of floor opening <b>b</b> (mm)
Nexans	1	430 TB + 300 PB-630A	Screened	K + K	290	-	635
	2	2x (K)400 TB/G with coupling insert (K)400 CP	Screened	K + K	505	250	860
	3	(K)400 TB/G + (K)400 LB/G with coupling insert (K)400 CP-LB	Screened	K + K	455	250	860
	4	(K)400 TB/G + 430 TB with coupling insert (K)400 CP	Screened	K + K	403	250	860
	5	2x (K)440 TB/G with coupling insert (K)440 CP	Screened	K + K	505	250	860
Südkabel	6	SET (12/24) + SEHDK (13.1/23.1)	Screened	K + K	290	-	635
	7	SEHDT 23.1 + SEHDK 23.1	Screened	K + K	290	-	635
	8	2x SEHDT 23.1 with coupling unit KU 23.2/23	Screened	K + K	363	250	860
	9	SEHDT (13/23) + SET (12/24) with coupling unit KU 23 or KU 33	Screened	K + K	451	250	860
	10	2x SET (12/24) with coupling unit KU 23.2/23	Screened	K + K	363	105	715
nkt cables	11	CB 24-630 + CC 24-630	Screened	K + K	290	-	635
	12	2x CB 24-630 with coupling unit CP 630C	Screened	K + K	370	250 105 o.r.	860 715
	13	AB 24-630 + AC 24-630	Insulated	K + K	290	105 o.r.	715
	14	2x AB 24-630 with coupling unit CP 630A	Insulated	K + K	370	250 105 o.r.	860 715
	15	CB 36-630 (1,250) + CC 36-630 (1,250)	Screened	K + K	300	-	635
TE Connectivity	16	RSTI-58xx + RSTI-CC-58xx	Screened	K + K	285	-	635
	17	RSTI-x9xx + RSTI-CC-x9xx	Screened	K + K	315	105	715
ЗМ	18	2x 93-EE705-6/xxx with coupling unit KU 23.2	Screened	K + K	363	105	715

o.r. = on request

K = Cable plug

1) Applies to panels of 310 mm and 430 mm. For individual panels of 500 mm, no deep cable compartment cover and floor opening are required – except for serial no. 2 and no. 5 with cable compartment cover deeper by 105 mm (a).

2) In connection with current transformers or sensors on the cable, use only screened systems.

### Cable connection for single and double cables with surge arresters

#### Single and double cable connection with surge arrester

Single and double cab	le conne	ction with surge arrester	Connection co	ombination		Deep cable compartment cover <sup>1)</sup>
Make	Se- rial no.	Cable plug/ surge arrester (type)	Design <sup>2)</sup>	Arrangement	Mounting depth (mm)	Deeper by <b>a</b> <sup>3)</sup> (mm)
Nexans	1	430 TB + 300 SA	Screened	K + Ü	290	-
	2	(K)400 TB/G + 400 PBSA	Screened	K + Ü	410	250
	3	430 TB + 300 PB + 300 SA	Screened	$K + K + \ddot{U}$	398	250
Südkabel	4	SET (12/24) + MUT (13/23)	Screened	K + Ü	302	105
	5	SEHDT 23.1 + MUT 23	Screened	K + Ü	302	105
	6	2x SET (12/24) + MUT (13/23) with coupling unit KU 23.2/23	Screened	K + K + Ü	476	250
	7	2x SEHDT 23.1 + MUT 23 with coupling unit KU 23.2/23	Screened	K + K + Ü	476	250
	8	SEHDT (13/23) + MUT 33	Screened	K + Ü	540	250
nkt cables	9	CB 24-630 + CSA 24	Screened	K + Ü	290	-
	10	AB 24-630 + ASA 24	Insulated	K + Ü	290	105
	11	CB 36-630 (1,250) + CSA	Screened	K + Ü	290	-
TE Connectivity	12	RICS 5139 + RDA	Insulated	K + Ü	275	-
	13	RSTI-58xx + RSTI-CC-58SAxx	Screened	K + Ü	285	-
	14	RSTI-58xx + RSTI-CC-68SAxx	Screened	K + Ü	292	-
	15	RSTI-x9xx + RSTI-CC-58SAxx	Screened	K + Ü	295	-
	16	RSTI-x9xx + RSTI-CC-68SAxx	Screened	K + Ü	302	105
3M	17	2x 93-EE705-6/xxx + MUT 23 with coupling unit KU 23.2	Screened	K + K + Ü	476	250

1) Applies to panels of 310- and 430-mm. For individual panels of 500 mm, no deep cable compartment cover

- and floor opening are required except for serial no. 2 and no. 5 with cable compartment cover deeper by 105 mm (a).
- 2) In connection with current transformers or sensors on the cable, use only screened systems.

3) See drawing on page 46.

K = Cable plug  $\ddot{U} = Surge arrester$ 

### Cable connection for transformer feeders with plug-in contact and outside cone type "A"

#### Features

- Access to the cable compartment only if the feeder has been disconnected and earthed
- Bushings according to DIN EN 50181 with outside cone and plug-in contact as interface type "A".

Connection of

- Cable elbow plugs or straight cable plugs
- Connection cross-sections up to 120 mm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Option

- Mounted cable clamps on cable bracket
- Bushings according to DIN EN 50181 with outside cone and bolted contact as interface type "C" for cable routing downwards.

#### Routing of transformer cables

For 8DJH Standard design with bushing arrangement:

- At the front with cable elbow plug: Downwards (standard)
- At the bottom with cable elbow plug: To the rear (option)
- At the bottom with straight cable plug: Downwards (option). For 8DJH Compact design with bushing arrangement:
- At the top with cable elbow plug: To the rear (standard)
- At the top with straight cable plug: Upwards (option)
- At the top with cable elbow plug: To the right (option).

#### **Cable plugs**

• As screened (semi-conductive) design independent of the site altitude,

or

as unscreened (insulated) design, but then dependent on the site altitude.

	Switchgear height without low-voltage compartment <sup>1)</sup>		1040 <sup>2)</sup>	1200	1400 without absorber base	1400 with absorber base, or 1700
Panel	Typical T	А	62	222	422	722
width	Typical T	B <sub>1</sub>	_	_	1245	1545
430 mm	(8DJH Compact)	B <sub>2</sub>	-	_	1143	1443



#### **Connection options**







Cable routing downwards with cable elbow plug

Cable routing to the rear with cable elbow plug





Cable routing downwards with straight plug



Cable routing to the rear with cable elbow plug



Cable routing upwards with straight plug



Cable routing to the right with cable elbow plug

1) Option: With low-voltage compartment

2) Only for panel blocks RR, RRR, RT, RRT and RTR

Components Cable plugs for transformer feeders with plug-in contact and outside cone type "A" (further types on request)

Cable type	Cable plug					
	Make	Se- rial no.	Туре	Design G/W <sup>1)</sup>	Conductor cross-section mm <sup>2</sup>	Design
hermoplastic-insulated ca	ables $\leq$ 12 kV according to IEC/E	N 60502	2-2/VDE 0276-620			
1-core cable,	Nexans	1	158 LR	W	16-120	screened; with capacitive measuring poin
PE and XLPE-insulated		2	152 SR	G	95–120	screened; with capacitive measuring poir
N2YSY (Cu) and N2XSY (Cu)	nkt cables	3	EASW 10/250, Gr. 2	W	25-95	screened; option: with metal housing
or		4	EASG 10/250, Gr. 2	G	25-95	screened; option: with metal housing
NA2YSY (AI) and		5	CE 24 – 250	W	95–120	screened
NA2XSY (AI)	Südkabel	6	SEHDG 11.1	G	25–120	screened; option: with metal housing
		7	SEW 12	W	25-120	screened; option: with metal housing
	Cooper Power Systems	8	DE 250 – R-C	W	16-120	screened
		9	DS 250 – R-C	G	16-120	screened
	Prysmian Kabel und Systeme (Pirelli Elektrik)	10	FMCE-250	W	25-120	screened
	3M	11	93-EE 605-2/-95	W	25-95	screened; option: with metal housing
		12	93-EE 600-2/xx	G	25-150	screened; option: with metal housing
	TE Connectivity	13	RSSS 52xx	G	25-95	screened; with capacitive measuring poin
		14	RSES 52xx-R	W	25-120	screened; with capacitive measuring poir
hermoplastic-insulated ca	ables 15/17.5/24 kV according to	IEC/EN	60502-2/VDE 0276-62	20		
1-core cable,	Nexans	15	K158 LR	W	16–120	screened; with capacitive measuring poir
PE and XLPE-insulated		16	K152 SR	G	25-120	screened; with capacitive measuring poir
N2YSY (Cu) and	nkt cables	17	EASG 20/250	G	25-95	screened; option: with metal housing
N2XSY (Cu) or		18	CE 24 – 250	W	25-95	screened
NA2YSY (AI) and	Südkabel	19	SEHDG 21.1	G	25-70	screened; option: with metal housing
NA2XSY (AI)		20	SEW 24	W	25-95	screened; option: with metal housing
	Cooper Power Systems	21	DE 250 – R-C	W	16–120	screened
		22	DS 250 – R-C	G	16-120	screened
	Prysmian Kabel und Systeme (Pirelli Elektrik)	23	FMCE-250	W	25-120	screened
	3M	24	93-EE 605-2/-95	W	25–95	screened; option: with metal housing
		25	93-EE 600-2/xx	G	25-150	screened; option: with metal housing
	TE Connectivity	26	RSSS 52xx	G	16-70	screened; with capacitive measuring point

### **Cable connections**

#### **Cable testing**

- For circuit-breaker and switch-disconnector feeders
- Cable testing equipment can be connected after removing the protective cap and/or the end stopper from the cable plug
- Cable testing equipment and cable T-plug each of the same make
- DC voltage test

#### Before the test:

Remove any voltage transformers available at the cable connection; short-circuit voltage indicators with earthing points of test sockets.

8DJH switchgear for rated voltages up to 24 kV can be subjected to cable tests at a DC test voltage of  $\frac{\text{max. 96 kV}}{\text{max. 96 kV}}$ (when the switchgear is new) or, according to VDE, at 70 kV for 15 minutes. The voltage at the busbar may be 24 kV in this case.

• Test voltages:

Rated voltage		Max. test voltage applied to the connected cable (according to IEC/EN VDE 0278)					
		VLF <sup>1</sup> )					
		0.1 Hz					
		$3 \cdot U_0$		6 · <i>U</i> <sub>0</sub> ,15 min			
Ur	$U_0/U(U_m)$	U <sub>LF</sub>	U <sub>m</sub>	max. U <sub>m</sub>			
(kV)	(kV)	AC (kV)	DC (kV)	DC (kV)			
12	6/10(12)	19	24	38 <sup>2)</sup>			
24	12/20(24)	38	48	70			

- For cable testing, the following must be observed:
- Installation and operating instructions of the switchgear
- Standards IEC/EN 62271-200/VDE 0671-200 \*)
- Data of the manufacturer-specific cable sealing end
- Cable design (paper-insulated mass-impregnated cable, PVC or XLPE cable).





Cable testing at the cable T-plug (example)



Insulating cap
 Measuring bolt

Cable testing at the cable elbow plug (example)

2) Referred to  $U_0/U(U_m) = 6.35/11$  (12 kV)

\*) For standards, see page 89

### Interlocks, locking devices

#### Standard interlocks

- Three-position switch: Disconnecting function against earthing function
- Circuit-breaker feeder: Circuit-breaker against threeposition disconnector
- Access to cable compartment is generally only possible if
- the feeder is isolated
- and
- the feeder is earthed ("EARTHED" position).
- For ring-main and circuit-breaker feeders
- <u>Option:</u> Closing lockout Prevents switching the three-position switch-disconnector from "OPEN" position to "CLOSED" position when the cable compartment cover is removed.

For transformer feeders

• The three-position switch-disconnector cannot be switched from "EARTHED" to "OPEN" position when the cable compartment cover/the HV HRC fuse compartment is open.

#### Locking device for padlock

- Shackle diameter 12 mm
- Standard for transformer and circuit-breaker feeders (stored-energy mechanisms)
- Option for ring-main feeders (spring-operated mechanisms)
- Three-position switch-disconnector lockable at the operating mechanism in any desired switch position.

#### Key-operated interlock (option)

- With cylinder locks from selected manufacturers
- For the basic functionalities:
- Switch-disconnector/disconnector
  - KF 1 Key free in OPEN Key trapped in CLOSED
- Earthing switch
  - KF 2 Key free in OPEN
    - Key trapped in EARTHED
  - KF 3 Key free in EARTHED
    - Key trapped in OPEN

These basic functionalities can be combined at will. Furthermore, it is possible to integrate cylinder locks, e.g. of doors to transformer rooms, or external key boxes.

## Interlocking of three-position switch (option: locking device)







Release for disconnector operation



Release for earthing switch operation

Interlocking of three-position switch (option: key-operated interlock)



### Indicating and measuring equipment

#### Ready-for-service indicator

#### **Features**

- Self-monitoring; easy to read
- Independent of temperature and pressure variations
- Independent of the site altitude
- Only responds to changes in gas density
- <u>Option:</u> Alarm switch "1NO + 1NC" for remote electrical indication.

#### Mode of operation

For the ready-for-service indicator, a gas-tight measurement box is installed inside the switchgear vessel.

A coupling magnet, which is fitted to the bottom end of the measurement box, transmits its position to an outside armature through the non-magnetizable switchgear vessel. This armature moves the ready-for-service indicator of the switchgear.

While changes in the gas density during the loss of gas, which are decisive for the dielectric strength, are displayed, temperature-dependent changes in the gas pressure are not. The gas in the measurement box has the same temperature as that in the switchgear vessel.

The temperature effect is compensated via the same pressure change in both gas volumes.



### Principle of operation

of gas monitoring with ready-for-service indicator



Stainless-steel vessel filled with SF<sub>6</sub> gas

Ready-for-service indicator

### Indicating and measuring equipment

#### Voltage detecting systems according to IEC 61243-5 or VDE 0682-415, IEC 62271-206 or VDE 0671-206 (WEGA ZERO)

- To verify safe isolation from supply
- LRM detecting systems
- with plug-in indicator
- with integrated indicator, type VOIS+, VOIS R+, WEGA ZERO
- with integrated indicator, with integrated repeat test of the interface, with integrated function test, type CAPDIS-S1+, WEGA 1.2, WEGA 1.2 Vario, with integrated signaling relay, type CAPDIS-S2+, WEGA 2.2.

<u>Plug-in voltage indicator</u>

- Verification of safe isolation from supply phase by phase
- Indicator suitable for continuous operation
- Measuring system and voltage indicator can be tested
- Voltage indicator flashes if high voltage is present.

#### VOIS+, VOIS R+

- Integrated display, without auxiliary
   power
- With indication "A1" to "A3" (see legend)
- Maintenance-free, repeat test required
- With integrated 3-phase LRM test socket for phase comparison
- With integrated signaling relay (only VOIS R+)
- Degree of protection IP54.

#### Common features CAPDIS-Sx+

#### Maintenance-free

- Integrated display, without auxiliary power
- Integrated repeat test of the interfaces (self-monitoring)
- With integrated function test (without auxiliary power) by pressing the "Display-Test" pushbutton
- Adjustable for different operating voltages (adjustable capacitance C2)
- With integrated 3-phase LRM test socket for phase comparison
- With connectable signal-lead test
- With overvoltage monitoring and signaling (1.2 times operating voltage)
- Degree of protection IP54.

#### CAPDIS-S1+

- Without auxiliary power
- With indication "A1" to "A7" (see legend)
- Without ready-for-service monitoring
- Without signaling relays (without auxiliary contacts).

#### CAPDIS-S2+

- With indication "A0" to "A8" (see legend)
- Only by pressing the "Test" pushbutton: "ERROR" indication (A8), e.g. in case of missing auxiliary voltage
- With ready-for-service monitoring (auxiliary power required)
- With integrated signaling relay for signals (auxiliary power required).

Indicators and detecting systems





Integrated voltage indicator VOIS+, VOIS R+





Integrated voltage detecting system CAPDIS-S1+, -S2+

#### Symbols shown

	VOI	S+, ۱	/OIS	R+CA	PDI:	S-S1-	+ (	AP	DIS	·S2+	
	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3		L1	L2	L3	
A0								Ο	Ο	0	
A1	Ý	ţ	4	Ý	Ý	ţ		Ý	Ý	ţ	
A2											
A3		ý	ý		ý	ţ			ý	ţ	
A4				ý	¥	f		ł	¥	f	
A5				Ø	Ø	Ø		Ø	Ø	Ø	
A6				Ø		Ø		Ø		Ø	_
A7				Ø	Ø	Ø		Ø	Ø	G	9b eps
A8								Ø.		Ø	 HA35-2579b eps

A0 CAPDIS-S2+: Operating voltage

- not present
- A1 Operating voltage present
- A2 Operating voltage not present
   For CAPDIS-S2+: Auxiliary power not present
- A3 Failure in phase L1, operating voltage at L2 and L3 (for CAPDIS-Sx+ also earth-fault indication)
- A4 Voltage (not operating voltage) present
- A5 Indication "Test" passed (lights up briefly)
- A6 Indication "Test" not passed (lights up briefly)
- A7 Overvoltage present (lights up permanently)
- A8 Indication "ERROR", e.g.: in case of missing auxiliary voltage



#### Voltage indication

via capacitive voltage divider (principle)

- C1 Capacitance integrated into bushing
- C2 Capacitance of the connection leads and the voltage indicator to earth
- $U_{LE} = U_N / \sqrt{3}$  during rated operation in the three-phase system
- $U_2 = U_A =$  Voltage at the capacitive interface of the switchgear or at the voltage indicator

### Indicating and measuring equipment

#### WEGA ZERO

- Voltage detecting system according to IEC 62271-206 or VDE 0671-206
- With indication "A1" to "A4" (see legend)
- Maintenance-free
- With integrated 3-phase test socket for phase comparison
  Degree of protection IP54.
- WEGA 1.2, WEGA 1.2 Vario
- Voltage detecting system according to IEC 61243-5 or VDE 0682-415
- With indication "A1" to "A5" (see legend)
- Maintenance-free
- Integrated repeat test of the interface (self-monitoring)
- With integrated function test (without auxiliary power) by pressing the "Display Test" pushbutton
- With integrated 3-phase LRM test socket for phase comparison
- Without integrated signaling relay
- Without auxiliary power
- Degree of protection IP54
   Adjustable for different operating voltages (adjustable capacitance C2) (only for WEGA 1.2 Vario).

WEGA 2.2

- Voltage detecting system according to IEC 61243-5 or VDE 0682-415
- With indication "A0" to "A6" (see legend)
- Maintenance-free
- Integrated repeat test of the interface (self-monitoring)
- With integrated function test (without auxiliary power) by pressing the "Display Test" pushbutton
- With integrated 3-phase LRM test socket for phase comparison
- With integrated signaling relay (auxiliary power required)
- Degree of protection IP54.



Integrated voltage indicator WEGA ZERO



Integrated voltage detecting system WEGA 1.2, WEGA 1.2 Vario



Integrated voltage detecting system WEGA 2.2



#### Voltage indication

via capacitive voltage divider (principle)

- C1 Capacitance integrated into bushing
- C2 Capacitance of the connection leads and the voltage indicator to earth
- $U_{\text{LE}} = U_{\text{N}}/\sqrt{3}$  during rated operation in the three-phase system
- $U_2 = U_A =$  Voltage at the capacitive interface of the switchgear or at the voltage indicator

#### Symbols shown



LC display gray: not illuminated LC display white: illuminated

- A0 For WEGA 2.2: Operating voltage not present, auxiliary power present, LCD illuminated
- A1 Operating voltage present For WEGA 2.2: Auxiliary power present, LCD illuminated
- A2 Operating voltage not present For WEGA 2.2: Auxiliary power not present, LCD not illuminated
- A3 Failure in phase L1, operating voltage at L2 and L3 For WEGA 2.2: Auxiliary power present, LCD illuminated
- A4 Voltage present, current monitoring of coupling section below limit value For WEGA 2.2: Auxiliary power present, LCD illuminated
- A5 Indication "Display-Test" passed For WEGA 2.2: Auxiliary power present, LCD illuminated
- A6 For WEGA 2.2: LCD for missing auxiliary voltage is not illuminated

### Indicating and measuring equipment

#### Verification of correct terminal-phase connections

- Verification of correct terminalphase connections possible by means of a phase comparison test unit (can be ordered separately)
- Safe-to-touch handling of the phase comparison test unit by inserting it into the capacitive taps (socket pairs) of the switchgear.





Phase comparison test unit make Horstmann, type ORION 3.1 as combined test unit (HR and LRM) for:

- Phase comparison
- Interface testing at the switchgear
- Voltage detection
- Integrated self-test
- Indication via LED and acoustic alarm
- Phase sequence indicator



Phase comparison test unit make Hachmann, type VisualPhase LCD

- as combined test unit (HR and LRM) for:
- Voltage detection with measured-value indication
- Interface test
- Low voltage detection
- Documentable repeat test
- Phase comparison with LED signal and measured-value indication
- Phase angle from  $-180^{\circ}$  to  $+180^{\circ}$
- Phase sequence evaluation
- Frequency quality
- Complete self-test

### Phase comparison test units according to IEC 61243-5 or VDE 0682-415

### Indicating and measuring equipment

## Short-circuit/earth-fault indicators make Horstmann

Short-circuit/earth-fault indicators (option) Ring-main, cable, transformer and circuit-breaker feeders can optionally be equipped with short-circuit or earth-fault indicators in different designs. The equipment features are shown in the list enclosed.

Short-circuit and earth-fault indicators reduce the downtimes of a power system by limitation of fault locations in medium-voltage systems.



Short-circuit/earth-fault indicators can be used in radial systems and in openly operated ring systems. In impedanceearthed and solidly earthed systems, every short-circuit indicator can also be used as an earth-fault indicator.

#### **Basic functions**

- Adjustable pickup values
- Phase-selective fault indication
- Reset of fault indication: manually, automatically, from remote
- Remote indication with relay contacts.

#### Measuring function with ComPass A

- Measuring and indication of phase and earth currents
- Transfer of measured values, fault indications and events via RS485/Modbus.

#### ComPass B with further functions

- Short-circuit and earth-fault indication depending on direction
- Voltage detection via voltage detecting system type WEGA. This provides further measured values such as:
- Phase and displacement voltage
- $-\ensuremath{\mathsf{Active}}$  , reactive and apparent power
- Power factor cos
- Load flow direction
- Undervoltage and overvoltage signaling, indication
- Directional/non-directional fault detection for all types of neutral treatment.

#### SIGMA D, SIGMA D<sup>+</sup> universal fault direction indicator

- Current-transformer operated short-circuit direction indicator and earth-fault direction indicator for all systems and neutral point connection types
- Unambiguous signaling of the fault direction
- Simple and flexible configuration via DIP switch and USB
- Event memory for fault evaluation.



SIGMA L1 L2 L3 Test OFF HORSTMANN



ComPass B

SIGMA



SIGMA D



Further types and information can be obtained directly from the manufacturer at www.horstmanngmbh.com.

### Indicating and measuring equipment

Short-circuit/ earth-fault indicators Horstmann	ALPHA M	ALPHA E	SIGMA	SIGMA F+E	SIGMA D	SIGMA D <sup>+</sup>	ComPass A	ComPass AP	ComPass B	ComPass BP	EARTH/ EARTH ZERC
unction											
Short-circuit indication	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	
Earth-fault indication				х	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х
Indication of direction, short circuit/earth fault					x	x			x	х	
Undervoltage and overvoltage indication									х	х	
Applicable for the followi	ng neu	tral ea	rthing	options							
Impedance	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Solid	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Isolated	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	
Compensated	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	
hort-circuit pickup value	s										
l>> Short-circuit current		00, 800, 00 A	800, 10	300, 400, 600, 000, (2000) <sup>5)</sup> A, -adjustment	self-adjus	00, 400, 600, 000 A, stment <sup>4)</sup> self-adjustment		2000 A	(steps of 1	A)	
tl>> Pickup delay	≤ 10	0 ms	2	10, 80 ms	40, 80 ms <sup>4)</sup> ,	,		40 ms	– 60 s		
arth-fault pickup values											
IE> Earth-fault current				20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120, 160 A	off, 20, 4 100, 120 20 – 1000 A,	, 160 A <sup>4)</sup>	20	)1000 A	(steps of 1	A)	25, 50, 75, 100 A <sup>7)</sup>
tIE> Pickup delay				80, 160 ms	80, 160 ms <sup>4)</sup>	, 40 ms – 60 s		40 ms	– 60 s		80, 160 ms <sup>7</sup>
IET> Transient earth fault						10 – 200 A					
IEP> Active residual current						5 – 200 A			5 – 200 A	5 – 200 A	
IEQ> Reactive current						5 – 200 A				5 – 200 A	
ΔIE> Pulse location (pulse amplitude)						1 – 100 A		1 – 100 A		1 – 100 A	
eedback											
Manual	Х	х	Х	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Automatic	~	X	x	x	X	x	x	x	x	x	x
From remote		X	x	x	x	X	x	x	x	x	X
Remote indication		A	~	~	X	~	~	~	~	~	~
Passing contact	adius	stable	2	Idjustable	adjus	table		adius	stable		adjustable
Maintained contact		stable		idjustable	adjus				stable		adjustable
nterface	uujus	Stubic	, i	lajustable	uujus	tubic .		uuju.	JUDIC		adjustubie
RS485/MODBUS							х	x	х	x	
USB 2.0	-				X	x	*	^	~	~	
					*	~					
<b>Power supply</b> Current-transformer operated											м
Long-duration lithium cell	X	X	X <sup>5)</sup>	x 5)	X	X					X
Summation current		Х	x x <sup>5)</sup>	x 5)	Х	X	X	X	X	X	x 5)
			X 3)	X 3)		possible	Х	Х	Х	Х	X <sup>3</sup> )
Current inputs	-	-	-		2	2	-	2 (2) 1)	2 (2) 1)	2 (2) 1)	
Phase current	3	3	3	2 (3) <sup>6)</sup>	3	3	3	3 (2) 1)	3 (2) 1)	3 (2) 1)	
Summation current				1 (0) 6)	0 1)	1 5)	0 1)	0 (1) <sup>1)</sup>	0 (1) <sup>1)</sup>	0 (1) 1)	1
/oltage inputs											
Via WEGA 1.2C/WEGA 2.2C					3	3			3	3	
Resistive voltage coupling									х		
Aeasuring function											
Current							x <sup>2)</sup>	x <sup>2)</sup>	x <sup>2)</sup>	x 2)	
Voltage									х	х	
Load flow direction									х	х	
cos phi									х	х	
Frequency							х	х	х	х	
lelay outputs											
Potential-free	1	1	1	3	4 <sup>3)</sup>	4 3)	4 3)	4 3)	4 3)	4 3)	1
inary inputs											
Number		1	2 (	test + reset)	2 (test -	+ reset)	1 3)	1 3)	1 3)	1 3)	1
) Measuring sensor 3+0 (summ measuring sensor 2+1 (phase ) Momentary values: Ø 15 min, ) Freely programmable	e L2 is cal	(culated)	)		ter function	<ol> <li>Alternative</li> <li>Optional</li> <li>No calculat</li> <li>Further set</li> </ol>	ion of the r	nissing pha	se or summ	nation curre	nt

Switchgear Type 8DJH for Secondary Distribution Systems up to 24 kV, Gas-Insulated · Siemens HA 40.2 · 2014 57

### Indicating and measuring equipment

## Short-circuit / short-circuit-to-earth and earth-fault indicators, make Kries

Ring-main, cable, transformer and circuit-breaker feeders can optionally be equipped with short-circuit or earth-fault indicators in different designs. The equipment features are shown in the opposite table.

The three most common types of faults in medium-voltage systems are earth faults in cables and switchgear, faults and overloads of distribution transformers, as well as short circuits in cables and switchgear. For fast fault location and minimization of downtimes, electronic fault indicators are used:

- Selective fault detection, and thus minimization of downtimes
- Reliable fault detection through electronic measured-value acquisition
- Remote indication of fault events and measured values.

#### 1. Short-circuit and earth-fault indicator IKI-20

- Universally adjustable
- Current-transformer supported battery version or auxiliary voltage versions available
- Extended commissioning and testing functions.

#### 2. Short-circuit and earth-fault indicator IKI-20PULS

- Short-circuit detection same as IKI-20
- Earth-fault detection via pulse location in compensated systems.

#### 3. Short-circuit and earth-fault indicator IKI-20C(PULS)

- Current-transformer operated (no battery no auxiliary voltage)
- Optionally with pulse location for earth-fault detection in compensated systems.

#### 4. Directional short-circuit and earth-fault indicator IKI-22

- Directional fault detection for all system types
- Directional detection combined with the voltage detecting system CAPDIS.

#### 5. Substation control unit IKI-50

- Directional measured-value acquisition
- Directional fault detection for all system types
- Switchgear control or automation
- One device controls two cable panels plus load flow total
- Directional detection combined with the voltage detecting system CAPDIS.

#### 6. Short-circuit-to-earth indicator

- Short-circuit-to-earth detection in systems with impedance-earthed neutral or temporarily impedance earthed-neutral
- Adjustable.



IKI-20



IKI-20CPULS



IKI-22



IKI-50



IKI-10light

Further types and information can be obtained directly from the manufacturer at www.kries.com.

### Indicating and measuring equipment

Short-circuit/ earth-fault indicators Kries	IKI- 20B	IKI- 20T	IKI- 20U	IKI-20PULS	IKI-20C	IKI- 20CPULS	IKI-22	IKI- 50_1F	IKI- 50_1F_ EW_PULS	IKI- 50_2F	IKI- 50_2F_ EW_PULS	IKI- 10-light-P
Function												
Short-circuit indication	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	
Earth-fault indication				х		х	х	х	х	х	х	
Short-circuit-to-earth indication <sup>5)</sup>	х	х	х		х		x	х	x	х	x	х
Direction indication							х	х	х	х	х	
Applicable for the foll	owing	g neut	ral ea	rthing opt	ions							
Impedance	х	х	х		х		x	х	х	х	х	х
Solid	х	х	х		х		X	х	х	х	х	x
Isolated	х	х	х		х	х	х	х	х	х	х	
Compensated	х	х	х	х	х		х	х	х	х	x	
Pickup current												
Short-circuit current	100, 2		0, 600, 2000 A	800, 1000,	400, 600, 800, 1000 A		100, 200, 300, 400, 600, 800, 1000, 2000 A		100 10	00 A (st	eps of 100 /	A)
Earth-fault current							Transient fault detection		4 3	0 A (ste	ps of 1 A)	
Short-circuit-to-earth current <sup>5)</sup>		40, 80	, 100, 1	50 A			40, 80, 100, 200 A	4(	) 200 A (			20, 40, 60, 80 A
Pulse location				x		x			x		x	20,00 /
Pickup time									^		^	
Short-circuit current			150 20	20 ma a	100		(0, 00, 1E0, 200 mg		C	0 1 ( 0	0 100 0	
	(	00, 80,	150, 20	50 115	100	1115	60, 80, 150, 200 ms		6	0 – 160	U IIIS	70.250
Short-circuit-to-earth current <sup>5)</sup> Earth-fault current	(	60, 80,	150, 20		100		60, 80, 150, 200 ms		60 – 10	500 ms		70, 250 ms
Earth-fault current				Pulse location		Pulse location	Transient fault detection		4(	00 – 300	00 ms	
Reset												
Manual	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Automatic	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
From remote	x	x	x	x	^	~	X	x	x	x	x	x
Remote indication	~	~	~	~			, A	~	~	~	~	~
Passing contact		be	justable	2	х	x	x			adjusta	hla	
Maintained contact			justable		^	~	^			adjusta		
nterface		au	justable	2						aujusta	bie	
RS485/MODBUS												
								Х	Х	Х	Х	
Power supply												
Lithium battery	Х						X					Х
External auxiliary voltage		х	х	х			Only for transient fault detection	Buffere	ed for 6 h by	interna	al capacitor	х
Current inputs		_										
Phase current	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	6	6	<b>`</b>
Summation current	1	1	1	1		1		1 1)	0 2)	0 2)	0 2)	1
/oltage inputs												
Via CAPDIS + Y-cable								3	3	6	6	<b>&gt;</b>
Measuring function												
Current								x 4)	x <sup>4)</sup>	x <sup>4)</sup>	x <sup>4)</sup>	
Voltage								x 4)	x <sup>4)</sup>	x <sup>4)</sup>	x <sup>4)</sup>	
Load flow direction								x 4)	x 4)	x 4)	x 4)	
cos phi								x 4)	x 4)	x 4)	x 4)	
Frequency								x 4)	x 4)	x 4)	x 4)	
Active power								x 4)	x 4)	x 4)	x 4)	
Apparent power								x 4)	x <sup>4)</sup>	x 4)	x <sup>4)</sup>	
Reactive power								x 4)	x <sup>4)</sup>	x 4)	x <sup>4)</sup>	
Release outputs												
Potential-free	1 – 3	1 – 3	1 – 3	1 – 3	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	1
Supplied by internal capacitor	. 5	. 5	. 5		2	2	•	2 3)	2 3)	2 <sup>3)</sup>	2 3)	
Binary inputs												
Number		7 /+-	st + res	et)			2 (test + reset)				L	1
	dat:			,				alu-	al maine due	alua P		
<ol> <li>Optional for wattmetric</li> <li>Creation of sum signal v</li> <li>0.1 Ws, 24 V DC</li> </ol>					I the conduct		Momentary value, mean v Short-circuit to earth = Ear					

### Indicating and measuring equipment

Short-circuit/earth-fault	SICAM
indicator Siemens Function	FCM
Short-circuit indication	X
Earth-fault indication	X
Earth-fault function (impedance-earthed system)	Х
Indication of direction, short-circuit/earth-fault	х
Undervoltage and overvoltage indication	x
Applicable for the following neu	tral earthing options
Impedance	x
Solid	x
Isolated	x
Compensated	x
Pickup current	
Short-circuit current	50 2000 A (steps of 1 A)
Earth-fault current	1 1000 A (steps of 1 A)
Pulse location	_
Pickup time	
Short-circuit current	40 ms < <i>t</i> < 60 s
Earth-fault current	40 ms < <i>t</i> < 60 s
Reset	
Manual	х
Automatic	×
From remote	×
Remote indication	
Passing contact	adjustable
Maintained contact	adjustable
Interface	adjustasta
RS485/MODBUS	x
Power supply	^
Lithium battery	x
External auxiliary voltage	× ×
	*
Current inputs Phase current	2 (2) 1)
Summation current	3 (2) <sup>1)</sup> 0 (1) <sup>1)</sup>
	0(1) "
Voltage inputs	2
Via WEGA 1.2C / WEGA 2.2C	3 x
Measuring function	
Current	X
Voltage	X
Load flow direction	X
cos phi	X
Frequency	X
Active power	X
Apparent power	X
Reactive power	Х
Relay outputs	
Potential-free	2 2)
Binary inputs	
Number	1



#### Short-circuit and earth-fault indicators, make Siemens

SICAM FCM is a short-circuit and earth-fault indicator with direction indication, operating with protection algorithms and advanced low-power current and voltage sensors according to IEC 60044.

#### Main features:

- Usable in earthed, isolated and resonance-earthed systems
- Directional short-circuit and earth-fault detection
- Precise and fast fault localization reduces expenses for personnel and traveling costs
- Selective fault information with direction indication as a basis for "self-healing" applications
- Resupply times possible in the range of minutes or seconds (depending on the primary part of the switchgear)
- Minimum loss of power grid and end consumer revenues
- Reliable measured values for operational management and planning
- Targeted application of investment funds during network planning and grid expansion
- Use of low-power sensors and high-quality measuring systems with a measuring accuracy of 99%.

SICAM FCM operates with sensors conforming to the standard IEC 60044-7/8. This enables exact measurements without calibration or adjustment to the primary magnitudes.

<sup>1)</sup> Measuring sensor 3+0 (summation current is calculated),

measuring sensor 2+1 (phase L2 is calculated)

<sup>2)</sup> Optional

### Transformer monitor system

#### Transformer monitor IKI-30 (make Kries)

#### Application with vacuum circuit-breaker

Protection of distribution transformers with ratings that cannot or should not be protected with HV HRC fuses:

- Tripping of the circuit-breaker in case of overload (delayed)
- Tripping of the circuit-breaker when the short-circuit current arises.



Transformer monitor IKI-30

#### Application

The transformer monitor IKI-30 is suitable for the following transformer ratings:

- Operating voltage 6 to 15 kV:  $\geq$  160 kVA
- Operating voltage 20 kV:  $\geq$  250 kVA.

#### Features

- Current-transformer operated, alternatively auxiliary voltage 24 to 230 V AC/DC
- Instrument transformers
- Special cable-type current transformers
- No direction-dependent installation required
- No earthing of an instrument transformer pole required
- No short-circuit terminals required for maintenance

- Low-energy magnetic release (0.02 Ws)
- Optional shunt release for auxiliary voltage supply
- Mounting location
- In the front operating mechanism box of the feeder panel
- In the low-voltage compartment (option) of the circuitbreaker feeder
- Response performance
- Definite-time overcurrent characteristic
- Definite-time overcurrent characteristic for earth-fault protection
- Inverse-time overcurrent characteristic
  - extremely inverse
  - normal inverse
- Externally undelayed instantaneous tripping
- Self-test function
- Display test LED (red)
- Battery test (under load), LED (green)
- Primary current test with tripping and with primary current injection into the instrument transformers
- Indication
- LED indication for tripping (single flash: starting; double flash: tripping)
- Reset after 2 h or automatically (after return of power) or manually with reset pushbutton
- Outputs
- Tripping signal: 1 floating relay output (NC contact) for telecommunication as passing contact
- Starting signal: 1 floating relay output (NC contact) is activated as long as the starting criterion is reached, e.g. to block an upstream primary protection
- 1 watchdog (relay)
- 1 external tripping output for control of an existing release, e.g. via capacitor
- Tripping output designed as impulse output for direct control of the low-energy release
- Input
- Remote tripping signal, control via floating external contact
- Instantaneous tripping.

### Intelligent transformer substation

## Equipment examples for the switchgear

8DJH switchgear can be equipped with motor operating mechanisms, voltage detecting and measuring devices, short-circuit indicators, and further detection systems. RTUs (Remote Terminal Units) can be optionally integrated inside the switchgear, in additional lowvoltage compartments, or in a separate wall cubicle via a plug connection.

In this way, the switchgear fulfills all preconditions for integration in an intelligent network infrastructure. Depending on the purpose, different components for monitoring and control are used: These components can also be easily and quickly retrofitted at a later time. An equipment example for the switchgear is illustrated here.

#### The integration



- 1 Uninterruptible power supply (UPS)
- 2 Intelligent SC indicators
- 3 Remotely controllable operating mechanisms
- 4 Current sensors
- 5 Voltage sensors
- 6 Communication modem
- 7 Remote terminal unit

## Intelligent transformer substation

	Components	Function
	<b>Uninterruptible power supply (UPS)</b> Depending on the requested bridging time in case of power failures, an uninterruptible power supply based on battery or capacitor modules is used.	The task of the UPS is to continue to ensure the communication and/or the possibility to telecontrol the transformer substation in case of power failure.
2	Intelligent SC indicators Intelligent short-circuit and ground fault indicators with or without direction indica- tion can be used in all grid types. For com- munication with the RTU, a Modbus RTU interface is available.	Intelligent short-circuit / ground fault direc- tion indicators report short-circuits or ground faults in the medium-voltage distribution grid. Relevant measured values are acquired, allowing for an active load management in the distribution grid.
<b>3</b>	Remotely controllable operating mechanisms Motor operating mechanisms inside the ring-main unit are available in original equipment manufacturer quality. If required, retrofitting is easily possible.	In order to reduce the reclosing times in case of fault, the switch-disconnectors or circuit-breakers are equipped with motor operating mechanisms for remote control.
	<b>Current sensors</b> Current sensors with low-power transfor- mer technology are available as closed or divisible ring cores.	The current signal serves to detect short-circuits and ground faults, and can be used as a measured value for load flow control or for optimal utilization of the grid capacity.
<b>5</b>	<b>Voltage sensors</b> Voltage sensors as resistor dividers are available as cast-resin plugs for insertion into the cable T-plug.	The voltage signal serves to detect the direction of the short-circuit or ground fault, and can be used as a measured value for load flow control or voltage regulation.
	<b>Communication modem</b> The selection of the communication modem to be used is determined by the selected or available telecommunication technology.	Communication modems are employed for safe data transmission from the remote terminal unit to the network control center using the selected telecommunication technology.
	<b>Remote terminal unit</b> The remote terminal unit (RTU) is equipped with binary inputs and outputs, various communication interfaces, and freely pro- grammable user programs.	Inside the intelligent transformer substation, the RTU serves as a connecting element to the network control center. It collects all rele- vant signals and receives control commands, or works autonomously according to prede- termined control or regulation algorithms.

### **Protection systems**

#### Simple protection systems

As a simple protection for distribution transformers and circuit-breaker feeders, standard protection systems are available, consisting of:

- Current-transformer operated protection device with c.t.-operated release (low-energy 0.1 Ws)
- Siemens 7SJ45
- Woodward/SEG WIC 1-2P, WIC 1-3P, WIP-1
- Protection device with auxiliary voltage supply with shunt release (f)
- Siemens 7SJ46
- Instrument transformer as
- Cable-type current transformer (standard)
- Three-phase current transformer as option for 8DJH switchgear panels L(500).
- Mounting location
- In 200-mm-high top low-voltage unit (option) of the circuit-breaker feeder.

#### Application of simple protection systems

Operating	Transformer rating (kVA)					
voltage (kV)	7SJ45/7SJ46	WIC 1-2P				
6	≥ 160	≥ 160				
10	≥ 200	≥ 250				
13.8	≥ 250	≥ 400				
15	≥ 315	≥ 400				
20	≥ 400	≥ 500				

### Multifunction protection (selection)

#### SIPROTEC Compact series, overcurrent protection SIPROTEC 7SJ80

- 9 programmable function keys
- 6-line display
- USB front port
- 2 additional communication ports
- IEC 61850 with integrated redundancy (electrical or optical)
- Relay-to-relay communication through Ethernet (IEC 61850 GOOSE).

## SIPROTEC 4 series, overcurrent and motor protection SIPROTEC 7SJ61/7SJ62

- For stand-alone or master operation
- Communications and bus capability
- Functions: Protection, control, signaling, communication and measuring
- LC text display (4 lines) for process and equipment data, as text, e.g. for
- Measuring and metering values
- Information on status of switchgear and switching device
- Protection data
- General indications
- Alarms
- Four freely programmable function keys
- Seven freely programmable LEDs for displaying any desired data
- Keys for navigation in menus and for entering values
- Fault recorder.





SIPROTEC easy 7SJ45

SIPROTEC 4 7SJ61, 7SJ62



#### SIPROTEC 5 series, overcurrent protection SIPROTEC 7SJ82

- Directional and non-directional time-overcurrent protection with additional functions
- Time optimization of the tripping times by directional comparison and protection data communication
- Frequency protection and rate-of-frequency-change protection for load shedding applications
- Overvoltage and undervoltage protection in all required variations
- Power protection, configurable as active or reactive power protection
- Control, synchrocheck and switchgear interlocking system
- Firmly integrated, electrical Ethernet port J for DIGSI
- Complete IEC 61850 (Reporting and GOOSE) via integrated port J
- Two optional, pluggable communication modules usable for different and redundant protocols (IEC 61850, IEC 60870-5-103, DNP3 (serial+TCP), Modbus RTU Slave, protection data communication).

#### Other types and makes on request

Mounting location

• In the 400 mm, 600 mm, or 900 mm high low-voltage compartment (option) of the circuit-breaker feeder.

### Low-voltage compartment, low-voltage niche

**Low-voltage compartment** (example 500 x 600 mm)

#### Features

- Overall heights
- 200 mm, 400 mm, 600 mm, 900 mm
- <u>Option:</u> Cover
- Partitioned safe-to-touch from the high-voltage part of the panel
- Installation on the panel:
- Possible per feeder
- Standard for circuit-breaker panels type L (1.1) and bus sectionalizer panels
- Option for all other panel types, depending on the scope of the secondary equipment
- Customer-specific equipment For accommodation of protection, control, measuring and metering equipment
- Separate wiring duct on the switchgear beside the low-voltage compartment (option)
- Door with hinge on the left (standard for heights of 400, 600 and 900 mm).

#### Low-voltage cables

- Control cables of the panel to the low-voltage compartment via multi-pole, coded module plug connectors
- <u>Option:</u> Plug-in bus wires from panel to panel in the separate wiring duct on the panel.



Open low-voltage compartment with built-in equipment (option)

#### Low-voltage niche

- Only inside billing metering panels type M
- For accommodation of options, e.g.:
- Voltage transformer m.c.b.s
- Small distribution fuse-box and fuse-links type Diazed or Neozed.

#### Low-voltage niche



Low-voltage niche of a billing metering panel type M with open cover

- 1 Low-voltage niche
- 2 Built-in equipment (option)

### **Room planning**

Please observe the following for room planning and switchgear installation:

#### Switchgear installation

Wall-standing arrangement

- 1 row

- 2 rows (for face-to-face arrangement)

<u>Option:</u> Free-standing arrangement.

#### **Pressure relief**

The type of pressure relief selected has an effect on the switchgear depth, and places requirements on the size of the cable basement and/or the room height. In case of pressure relief upwards, the room heights reproduced in the type test are decisive for the internal arc classification acc. to IEC/EN 62271-200/VDE 0671-200 (see table on page 67).

#### **Door dimensions**

The door dimensions have an influence on the size of the transport units (see page 87) and the factory assembly of panel groups, low-voltage compartments and pressure absorber systems. If required, this installation work can also be performed on site by the customer.

#### Switchgear fixing

- For floor openings and fixing points of the switchgear, see pages 83 to 86
- Foundations:
- Steel girder construction
- Reinforced-concrete floor.

#### **Panel dimensions**

See illustrations on pages 69 to 86.

#### Weight

For data, see page 88.

#### Local regulations and guidelines

#### Room planning



Top view: Switchgear without pressure relief duct at the rear

\*) For lined up switchgear

\*\*) Depending on national requirements For extension or panel replacement, a control aisle of at least 1000 mm is recommended



Top view: Switchgear with pressure relief duct at the rear



 $\mathbf{66}$  Switchgear Type 8DJH for Secondary Distribution Systems up to 24 kV, Gas-Insulated  $\cdot$  Siemens HA 40.2  $\cdot$  2014

### **Room planning**

The following type-tested versions of the pressure relief system are available for 8DJH switchgear:

- Downwards into the cable basement (for individual panels and panel blocks, internal arc classification up to IAC A FL 21 kA /1 s or IAC A FLR 21 kA /1 s, minimum cross-section of the cable basement according to the illustration below)
- To the rear (for non-extendable panel blocks with 1400 or 1700 mm switchgear height, internal arc classification up to IAC A FL 21 kA/1 s, a rear pressure relief outlet with a minimum cross-section of 1 m<sup>2</sup> is required in the switchgear room and must be supplied by the site)

Switchgear installation with pressure

### relief downwards (standard) or to the rear (option) HA40-2102b eps IA40-2103h 000 3 500 ¢ VIII 00000 800<sup>1</sup> 3 Side view 600... 2 00000 600...800<sup>1</sup> Side view

• Upwards through rear pressure relief duct (for extendable and non-extendable panel blocks, internal arc classification up to IAC A FL 16 kA /1 s, minimum room heights according to the table below), with pressure absorber system

- Upwards through base and rear pressure relief duct (for individual panels and panel blocks, internal arc classification up to IAC A FL 21 kA/1 s and IAC A FLR 21 kA/1 s, minimum room heights according to the table below), with pressure absorber system.
  - 1 Floor opening
  - **2** Direction of pressure relief
  - 3 Expanded metal (supplied by site)
  - 4 Pressure-resistant floor cover (divided plate for comfortable working at the cable connection)
  - 5 Pressure absorber system with pressure relief duct
  - 1) Total opening minimum 0.48 m<sup>2</sup>

#### Room heights for switchgear installation with pressure relief duct at the rear

(design with or without base)

Switchgear height	Room height
1400 mm	≥ 2000 mm
1700, 1800 mm	≥ 2200 mm
2300 mm	≥ 2400 mm
2600 mm	≥ 2600 mm

Switchgear installation with rear pressure relief duct (option) for panel block with IAC A FL or FLR up to 16 kA/1 s



#### Switchgear installation with base and rear pressure relief duct (option) for panel block with IAC A FL or FLR up to 21 kA/1 s



### **Room planning**

For 8DJH Compact, the following types of pressure relief can be selected:

- Downwards into the cable basement for all feeders (internal arc classification up to IAC A FL or FLR 21 kA /1 s)
- Downwards into the cable basement for the ring-main feeders, and to the rear for the transformer feeders (internal arc classification up to IAC A F 21 kA /1 s).

The dimensions for wall distances, control aisles and cable basements correspond to those of the 8DJH Standard design. The pressure relief to the rear was tested with a rear wall distance of  $\geq$  3 m. This design is recommended for application in prefabricated substations without control aisle, with internal arcing test according to IEC 62271-202.

Switchgear installation for 8DJH Compact with pressure relief downwards for all feeders (standard)



Switchgear installation for outdoor enclosure with pressure relief downwards



- 1 Floor opening
- 2 Direction of pressure relief
- **3** Expanded metal (supplied by site)
- 4 Pressure-resistant floor cover (divided plate for comfortable working at the cable connection)
- 5 Pressure absorber system with pressure relief duct

For 8DJH with outdoor enclosure (option), the direction of the pressure relief can be selected as follows:

- Downwards into the cable basement (internal arc classification up to IAC A FL or FLR 21 kA /1 s, minimum cross-section of the cable basement according to the illustration below)
- To the rear (internal arc classification up to IAC A FL 21 kA /1 s; for wall-standing arrangement, a rear pressure relief outlet with a minimum cross-section of 1 m<sup>2</sup> is required and must be supplied by the site)
- Upwards through rear pressure relief duct (internal arc classification up to IAC A FL or FLR 21 kA/1 s, free space above the switchgear 600 mm as a minimum).

The dimensions for wall distances, control aisles and cable basements correspond to those of the 8DJH Standard design. The outdoor enclosure is conceived for application on company ground.

Switchgear installation for 8DJH Compact with pressure relief downwards for the ring-main feeders, and to the rear for the transformer feeders (option)



Switchgear installation for outdoor enclosure with pressure relief to the rear or upwards through rear duct



### Feeder panels (310 mm)

#### Cable feeder type K





Ring-main feeder type R

Switchgear height	without low-voltage compartment	А	1040 3)	1200	1400	
	with low-voltage compartment 1)	В	-	see page 67		
Low-voltage compartment <sup>1)</sup>		С	-	200, 400, 600 or 900		
Cable connection	Typical K and R	D	500	660	860	
Base cover		E	32	32	232	

- 1) <u>Option:</u> With low-voltage compartment
- 2) Base for switchgear height of 1700 mm, or absorber --> cable connection height = D + 300 mm
- 3) Only for panel blocks RR, RRR, RT, RRT and RTR

## Feeder panels (430 mm)

Cable feeder type K(E) with make-proof earthing switch



#### Transformer feeder type T



Circuit-breaker feeder type L



Switchgear height	without low-voltage compartment	А	1040 <sup>3)</sup>	1200	1400
	with low-voltage compartment 1)	В	-	see pa	age 67
Low-voltage compartment <sup>1)</sup>		С	-	200, 400, 600 or 900	
Cable connection	Typical K(E), L	D	-	660	860
Cable connection	Typical T	U	62	222	422
Base cover		E	32	32	232

1) Option: With low-voltage compartment

2) Base for switchgear height of 1700 mm, or absorber --> cable connection height = D + 300 mm

- 3) Only for panel blocks RR, RRR, RT, RRT and RTR
- 4) Only for circuit-breaker type 1.1

### Feeder panels (500 mm)

#### Ring-main feeder type R(500)



#### Circuit-breaker feeder type L(500)



**Design option** with busbar voltage transformer for all circuit-breaker types



Switchgear height	without low-voltage compartment	А	1200	1400	
	with low-voltage compartment 1)	В	see page 67		
Low-voltage compartment <sup>1)</sup>		С	200, 400, 600 or 900		
Cable connection	Typical R(500), L(500)	D	510	710	
Base cover		E	32	232	

1) Option: With low-voltage compartment

4) Only for circuit-breaker type 1.1

2) Base for switchgear height of 1700 mm, or absorber --> cable connection height = D + 300 mm

### Bus sectionalizer panels with switch-disconnector

**Bus sectionalizer panel type S** with three-position switch-disconnector and earthing on the right



**Bus sectionalizer panel type S(620)** with three-position switch-disconnector and earthing on the left





Bus sectionalizer panel type S(500)

and earthing on the right

with three-position switch-disconnector

Bus sectionalizer panel type H with switch-disconnector/fuse combination



1) Option: With low-voltage compartment

2) Base for switchgear height of 1700 mm, or absorber
## Bus sectionalizer panel with circuit-breaker

## Bus sectionalizer panel type V with circuit-breaker



## **Design options**

with busbar voltage transformer and/or busbar current transformer



Switchgear height	without low-voltage compartment	А	1200 1400		
	with low-voltage compartment <sup>1)</sup>	В	see page 67		
Low-voltage compartment <sup>1)</sup>		С	200, 400, 600 or 900		
Base cover		Е	32	232	

1) <u>Option:</u> With low-voltage compartment

4) Only for circuit-breaker type 1.1

2) Base for switchgear height of 1700 mm, or absorber

## Busbar earthing panels and busbar voltage metering panels

Busbar earthing panel type E



Metering panel type M(500) with disconnectable voltage transformer



**Busbar earthing panel type E(500)** with voltage transformer



**Metering panel type M(430)** with disconnectable voltage transformer fused on the primary side



Switchgear height	without low-voltage compartment	А	1200	1400	
	with low-voltage compartment 1)	В	see page 67		
Low-voltage compartment <sup>1)</sup>		С	200, 400, 600 or 900		
Transformer connection	Typical M(500)	D	510	710	
Base cover		E	32	232	

- 1) Option: With low-voltage compartment
- 2) Base for switchgear height of 1700 mm, or absorber

## Billing metering panel as individual panel, air-insulated



Switchgear height	without low-voltage compartment	А	1400	
			without absorber base with absorber ba	
	with low-voltage compartment <sup>1)</sup>	В	see page 67	
Low-voltage compartment <sup>1)</sup>		С	200, 400,	600 or 900
Cable connection		D	515	815

1) Option: With low-voltage compartment

## Panel blocks (preferred versions)

### Versions with transformer feeders



Panel block KT







Panel block **RT** 



Panel block RRT



Panel block RRRT



Panel block TRRT

For further dimension data, see individual panels on pages 12 to 14

Overall height optionally 1200 mm, 1400 mm or 1700 mm For floor openings and fixing points, see pages 83 to 86

## Panel blocks (preferred versions)

### Versions with circuit-breaker feeders



Panel block KL



Panel block K(E)L



Panel block **RL** 



Panel block RRL



Panel block RRRL



Panel block LRRL

For further dimension data, see individual panels on pages 12 to 14

Overall height optionally 1200 mm, 1400 mm or 1700 mm For floor openings and fixing points, see pages 83 to 86

## Panel blocks (preferred versions)

### **Further versions**



Panel block RR







Panel block RRRR



Panel block **RK** 



Panel block TT

For further dimension data, see individual panels on pages 12 to 14

Overall height optionally 1200 mm, 1400 mm or 1700 mm For floor openings and fixing points, see pages 83 to 86

## Panel blocks (8DJH Compact)



Panel block RRT compact



Panel block RRT-R Compact



Panel block RRT-RRT Compact

Switchgear height		A <sub>1</sub>	1400	1700
		A <sub>2</sub>	740	1040
	Typical R	D <sub>1</sub>	200	500
Cable connection	Turing T	D <sub>2</sub>	1245	1545
	Typical T		1143	1443

1) Only for pressure relief downwards for all feeders (IAC A FLR up to 21 kA/1 s)

## Panel blocks (freely configuarable)

## Panel blocks with common gas-filled vessel are possible for

- Up to 4 functions in one block
- Functions in 310 mm and 430 mm panel widths
- Functions R and T in any arrangement
- Functions R and L in any arrangement
- Optionally for overall heights 1200 mm, 1400 mm and 1700 mm

### Examples



Panel block RRLL



Panel block LRR



Panel block RTTR



Panel block RTR

Further panel block versions can be supplied without functional restrictions up to a total width of 2 m as an assembled and tested unit.

## Panel combinations with billing metering panels (examples)



Transfer with ring-main switch (RRS-M-T...)



Transfer with circuit-breaker without cables (RR-V-M-T...)



Transfer with circuit-breaker in the panel block and cable connection (RRL-M-T...)

## **Outdoor enclosure**



Outdoor enclosure with pressure relief downwards or to the rear



Outdoor enclosure with pressure relief downwards or to the rear



Outdoor enclosure with pressure relief upwards

Switchgear height	without low-voltage compartment		•	A 1200			1400			
	with low-voltage compar	tment <sup>1)</sup>	A	-	1400	1600	1800	-		
Low-voltage compartment <sup>1)</sup>			_	-	200	400	600	-	200	400
Enclosure beight	without crane height		В	1575	1575	1775	1975	1575	1775	1975
Enclosure height	with crane profile (remov	vable)	С	1640	1640	1840	2040	1640	1840	2040
	Typical K, K(E), R, L				660 80			860		
Cable connection	Typical T		D	222				422		
	Typical R(500), L(500)			510					710	
	Pressure relief	Door open	E	1000	1000	1200	1400	1000	1200	1400
Enclosure depth (roof level)	downwards/to the rear	Door while opening/closing	F	1725	1725	1925	2125	1725	1925	2125
Pressure relief downwards/ to the rear		Door open	Е	1025	1025	1225	1425	1025	1225	1425
	Pressure relief upwards	Door while opening/closing	F	1750	1750	1950	2050	1750	1950	2050

1) <u>Option:</u> With low-voltage compartment

Note: Maximum switchgear width = Enclosure width - 20 mm

## Floor openings and fixing points

### Standard \*)









- For ring-main panel type R
- For cable panel type K
- For busbar earthing panel type E

- For cable panel with make-proof earthing switch type K(E)
- For circuit-breaker panel type L
- For transformer panel type T
- For bus sectionalizer panel type S with switch-disconnector
- For bus sectionalizer panel type H with switch-disconnector/fuse combination
- For busbar voltage metering panel type M(430)
- For ring-main panel type R(500)
- For circuit-breaker panel type L(500)
- For busbar earthing panel type E(500)
- For bus sectionalizer panel type S(500) with switch-diconnector
- For bus sectionalizer panel type V with circuit-breaker
- For busbar voltage metering panel type M(500)



• For billing metering panel type M

\*) For panel versions with double cables and deep cable compartment cover, as well as for other versions, please order the dimension drawings.

## Floor openings and fixing points

Standard \*) panel blocks









722 895

1050

740

660

000000000

40

≥15

For

RT

RL

ΚT

KL

RTR

RLR

4

610

031

panel blocks

(preferred

versions):









LLLL

\*) For panel versions with double cables and deep cable compartment cover, as well as for other versions, please order the dimension drawings.

## Floor openings and fixing points

### Panel blocks 8DJH Compact







Panel block RRT-RRT Compact

Panel block RRT Compact

Panel block RRT-R Compact

Versions with deep cable compartment covers (e.g. for double cable connections)







Deep cable compartment cover: Without

With base extension

(floor opening depending on selected cable connection/arrester) Deeper by 105 mm Deeper by 250 mm

### Example:

Position of floor openings and fixing points for double cable connection for panel blocks



Type RRT deeper by 105 mm



\* 610 mm for single cable connection; 635 mm for double cable connection with coupling T-plug For concrete switchgear versions, please order the dimension drawings.

## Floor openings and fixing points



## Shipping data, transport

## Packing types (examples)

For size and weight of the transport units, see the following tables.

Means of transport	Examples for packing
· · ·	
Rail and truck	Type: Open
	PE protective foil pulled over the switchgear,
	with wooden base
Seafreight	Type: Open (for container transport)
	PE protective foil pulled over the switchgear,
	with wooden base
	Type: Seaworthy crate (for open-top container)
	Welded PE protective foil, with closed wooden crate,
	with desiccant bag
Airfreight	Type: Open
	PE protective foil pulled over the switchgear, with wooden base and lattice or cardboard cover

### Transport

8DJH switchgear is completely delivered in transport units. Please observe the following:

- Transport facilities on site
- Transport dimensions and weights
- Size of door openings in building
- Switchgear with low-voltage compartment: Please observe other transport dimensions and weights.

### **Transport dimensions**

Max. width	Transport dimensions				
of switchgear		Truck/rail/	container	Seaworthy crate/	
unit TE				airfreight	
	Width B	Height	Depth T	Height	Depth T
mm	m	m	m	m	m
850	1.10	A + 0.20	1.10/1.26 *)	A + 0.4	1.10/1.26 *)
1200	1.45			min.	
1550	1.80			2.00	
1800	2.05				
2300	2.55				

A = Switchgear height with or without low-voltage compartment

\*) Deeper transport base required in case of cable compartment cover deeper by 250 mm







**Crane transport with Pallet** 



Crane transport with rod



VAD.

Transport with lifting truck with or without pallet

Rod Ø 40 mm (observe switchgear weight)



Transport with fork-lift truck, suspended



Transport with fork-lift truck, standing

# Installation

## Shipping data, transport

## **Transport weights**

The transport weight results from the switchgear weight per transport unit and the packing weight. The packing weight results from the transport dimensions and the type of transport.

## Switchgear weights

The weight of the switchgear unit results from the sum of the weights per functional unit. Depending on the design and the degree to which it is equipped (e.g. current transformers, motor operating mechanism, low-voltage compartment), different values will result. The table shows mean values.

Panel type	Width	-	Gross weight			
		for switch	gear height		partment	
		1200 mm	1400 mm	1700 mm	600 mm	
	mm	approx. kg	approx. kg	approx. kg	approx. kg	
R	310	100	110	120	40	
R(500)	500	140	150	170	60	
К	310	100	110	120	40	
K(E)	430	130	140	160	50	
Т	430	135	145	160	50	
L	430	130	140	155	50	
L (type 1.1) without 4MT3	500	210	220	240	60	
L (type 2)	500	160	170	190	60	
M (BC/BB/CB)	840	-	370	400	70	
M (CC)	840	-	270	300	70	
M(430) with 3x4MT3	430	220	230	245	40	
M(500) with 3x4MT3	500	230	240	260	60	
S	430	130	140	160	50	
S(500)	500	150	160	180	60	
S(620)	620	200	220	240	2x40	
Н	430	135	145	160	50	
V	500	240	250	270	60	
E	310	100	110	120	40	
E(500)	500	140	150	170	60	

### Additional weights for pressure absorber

For panel blocks IAC A FL/FLR up to 16 kA/1 s Basic switchgear height 1400 mm

	Weight/kg
Cooler	30
Duct 16 kA FL/FLR	60
Base plate per panel	approx. 5
Example RRT with IAC A FL/FLR 16 kA/1 s	105

### For switchgear IAC A FL/FLR up to 21 kA/1 s Basic switchgear height 1700 mm

	Weight/kg
Cooler	30
Duct 21 kA FL	70
Duct 21 kA FLR	75
Absorber collar FLR	20
Base plate per panel	approx. 5
Example	
RRT with IAC A FL 21 kA/1 s	115
RRT with IAC A FLR 21 kA/1 s	140
Metering panel with IAC A FL/FLR 21 kA/1 s	145

		Gross weigh without LV	without LV compartment					
		1200 mm	1400 mm	1700 mm				
	mm	approx. kg	approx. kg	approx. kg				
2 panels								
КТ, ТК	740	230	250	280				
K(E)T	860	240	260	290				
KL <sup>1)</sup> , LK	740	230	250	280				
K(E)L <sup>1)</sup>	860	250	270	300				
RK, KR	620	200	220	240				
RT, TR	740	230	250	280				
RL <sup>1)</sup> , LR	740	230	250	280				
TT	860	270	290	320				
RR	620	200	220	240				
LL 1)	860	260	280	310				
RS	740	230	250	280				
RH	740	230	250	280				
8 panels								
RRT	1050	330	360	400				
RRL <sup>1)</sup>	1050	320	350	390				
RTR	1050	330	360	400				
RLR	1050	320	350	390				
RRR	930	300	330	360				
ТТТ	1290	410	440	490				
LLL <sup>1)</sup>	1290	400	430	480				
RRS	1050	320	350	390				
RRH	1050	330	360	400				
l panels								
RRRT	1360	430	470	520				
RRRL <sup>1)</sup>	1360	430	470	520				
RRRR	1240	400	440	480				
TRRT	1480	470	510	560				
LRRL	1480	460	500	550				
TTTT	1720	540	580	640				
LLLL <sup>1)</sup>	1720	520	560	620				
RRRS	1360	420	460	510				
RRRH	1360	430	470	520				
BDJH Compac	t							
Panel block	Width	Gross weight fo	or switchgear l	neight				
		1400 mm	1700					
	mm	approx. kg	approx	k. kg				
RRT <sup>2)</sup>	700	365	380					
RRT	620	340	345					
RRT-R <sup>2)</sup>	1010	475	490					
RRT-R	930	450	455					
RRT-RRT <sup>2)</sup>	1400	730	760					
RRT-RRT	1240	860	690					

### Packing weights

<u></u>							
Max. width of	Packing weight	Packing weight					
switchgear unit	Truck/rail/container	Seaworthy crate/airfreight					
mm	approx. kg	approx. kg					
850	30	90					
1200	40	120					
1550	50	150					
1800	60	180					
2000	75	225					

88 Switchgear Type 8DJH for Secondary Distribution Systems up to 24 kV, Gas-Insulated · Siemens HA 40.2 · 2014

## Standards, specifications, guidelines

### Standards

8DJH switchgear complies with the relevant standards and specifications applicable at the time of type tests.

In accordance with the harmonization agreement reached by the countries of the European Union, their national specifications conform to the IEC standard.

### Type of service location

8DJH switchgear can be used as indoor installation according to IEC/EN 61936 (Power Installations exceeding AC 1 kV) and VDE 0101.

- Outside lockable electrical service locations at places which are not accessible to the public. Enclosures of switchgear can only be removed with tools.
- Inside lockable electrical service locations. A lockable electrical service location is a place outdoors or indoors that is reserved exclusively for housing electrical equipment and which is kept under lock and key. Access is restricted to authorized personnel and persons who have been properly instructed in electrical engineering. Untrained or unskilled persons may only enter under the supervision of authorized personnel or properly instructed persons.

#### Terms

"Make-proof earthing switches" are earthing switches with short-circuit making capacity according to IEC/EN 62271-102 and VDE 0671-102.

### **Dielectric strength**

- The dielectric strength is verified by testing the switchgear with rated values of short-duration power-frequency withstand voltage and lightning impulse withstand voltage according to IEC/EN 62271-1/VDE 0671-1.
- The rated values are referred to sea level and to normal atmospheric conditions (1013 hPa, 20 °C, 11 g/m<sup>3</sup> humidity according to IEC/EN 60071 and VDE 0111).
- The dielectric strength decreases with increasing altitude. For site altitudes above 1000 m (above sea level) the standards do not provide any guidelines for the insulation rating, but leave this to the scope of special agreements.

All parts housed inside the switch gear vessel which are subjected to high voltage are  ${\rm SF}_6\mbox{-}insulated$  against the earthed enclosure.

The gas insulation at a relative gas pressure of 50 kPa (= 500 hPa) permits switchgear installation at any desired altitude above sea level without the dielectric strength being adversely affected. This also applies to the cable connection when using screened cable T-plugs or cable elbow plugs.

A decrease (reduction) of the dielectric strength with increasing site altitude must be considered for panels with HV HRC fuses as well as for air-insulated metering panels and a site altitude above 1000 m (above sea level). A higher insulation level must be selected, which results from the multiplication of the rated insulation level for 0 to 1000 m with the altitude correction factor  $K_a$ .

<b>Overview of standards</b>	(July 2013)
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		IEC/EN-Standard	VDE-Standard
Switchgear	8DJH	IEC/EN 62271-1	VDE 0671-1
		IEC/EN 62271-200	VDE 0671-200
Devices	Circuit-breakers	IEC/EN 62271-100	VDE 0671-100
	Disconnectors and earthing switches	IEC/EN 62271-102	VDE 0671-102
	Switch-disconnectors	IEC/EN 62271-103	VDE 0671-103
	Switch-disconnector/ fuse combination	IEC/EN 62271-105	VDE 0671-105
	HV HRC fuses	IEC/EN 60282-1	VDE 0670-4
	Voltage detecting systems	IEC/EN 61243-5	VDE 0682-415
Degree of protection	-	IEC/EN 60529	VDE 0470-1
Insulation	-	IEC/EN 60071	VDE 0111
Instrument	Current transformers	IEC/EN 61869-1/-2	VDE 0414-9-1/-2
transfor-	Voltage transformers	IEC/EN 61869-1/-3	VDE 0414-9-1/-3
mers	Electronic voltage transformers	IEC/EN 61869-7	VDE 0414-44-7
	Electronic current transformers	IEC/EN 61869-8	VDE 0414-44-8
Installation, erection	-	IEC/EN 61936-1 HD 637-S1	VDE 0101

## Altitude correction factor $K_a$ for panels with HV HRC fuses or for metering panels type M



Curve m = 1 for rated short-duration power-frequency withstand voltage and rated lightning impulse withstand voltage according to IEC/EN 62271-1/VDE 0671-1.

Example: 3000 m site altitude above sea level 17.5 kV switchgear rated voltage, 95 kV rated lightning impulse withstand voltage	<u>Result:</u> According to the above table, a switchgear for a rated voltage of
Rated lightning impulse withstand voltage to be selected 95 kV · 1.28 = 122 kV	24 kV with a rated lightning impulse withstand voltage of 125 kV is to be selected.

# Standards

## Standards, specifications, guidelines

## Current carrying capacity

- According to IEC/EN 62271-200/VDE 0671-200 or IEC/EN 62271-1/VDE 0671-1, the rated normal current refers to the following ambient air temperatures:
- Maximum of 24-hour mean + 35  $^\circ\text{C}$
- Maximum + 40  $^{\circ}$ C
- The current carrying capacity of the panels and busbars depends on the ambient air temperature outside the enclosure.

## Appearance of internal faults

In gas-insulated switchgear 8DJH, faults leading to internal arcing are widely excluded by construction due to the follow-ing measures:

- Use of gas-filled switchgear compartments
- Use of suitable operational equipment such as threeposition switches with make-proof earthing switch
- Logical mechanical interlocks
- Use of metal-coated or metal-enclosed voltage transformers and three-phase current transformers as ring-core current transformers
- There are no effects due to external influences, such as
- Pollution layers
- Humidity
- Small animals and foreign objects
- Maloperation is practically excluded due to logical arrangement of operating elements
- Short-circuit-proof feeder earthing by means of the three-position switch-disconnector.

In the event of an arc fault at the cable connection or, in an unlikely case, inside the switchgear vessel, pressure relief is effected downwards into the cable basement.

For the use in substation buildings without internal arcing test, such as "old substations", the switchgear can be designed with a modified pressure relief system with absorbers (option).

As a "special cooling system", this maintenance-free pressure absorber system reduces the pressure-dependent and thermal effects of internal arcing in switchgear vessels and cable compartments, and thus protects people and buildings.

The closed switchgear system is suitable for both wall-standing and free-standing arrangement.

### Internal arcing test (design option)

- Protection of operating personnel by means of tests for verifying the internal arc classification
- Internal arcing tests must be performed in accordance with IEC/EN 62271-200/VDE 0671-200 for IAC (internal arc classification)
- Definition of criteria:
- Criterion 1

Correctly secured doors and covers do not open, limited deformations are accepted

- Criterion 2

No fragmentation of the enclosure, no projection of small parts above 60 g

- <u>Criterion 3</u>
  No holes in accessible sides up to a height of 2 m
- <u>Criterion 4</u>
- No ignition of indicators due to hot gases
- <u>Criterion 5</u> The enclosure remains connected to its earthing point.

Optionally, 8DJH switchgear can be designed with internal arc classification.

### Seismic withstand capability (option)

8DJH switchgear can be upgraded for regions at risk from earthquakes. For upgrading, earthquake qualification testing has been carried out in accordance with the following standards:

- IEC/EN 60068-3-3
- IEC/EN 60068-2-6
- IEEE 693
- IABG TA13-TM-002/98 (guide).

### **Climate and environmental influences**

8DJH switchgear is completely enclosed and insensitive to climatic influences.

- The switchgear is maintenance-free under indoor ambient conditions (according to IEC 62271-1 and VDE 0671-1)
- Switchgear versions for outdoor installation or severe ambient conditions (according to customer specification) are available on request
- Climatic tests are fulfilled according to IEC/EN 62271-304/ VDE 0671-304
- All medium-voltage devices (except for HV HRC fuses) are installed in a gas-tight, welded stainless-steel switchgear vessel which is filled with SF<sub>6</sub> gas
- Live parts outside the switchgear vessel are provided with single-pole enclosure
- At no point can creepage currents flow from high-voltage potentials to earth
- Operating mechanism parts which are functionally important are made of corrosion-resistant materials
- Bearings in the operating mechanism are designed as dry-type bearings and do not require lubrication.

### Color of the panel front

Siemens standard (SN) 47030 G1, color no. 700/light basic (similar to RAL 7047/gray).

## Standards, specifications, guidelines

## Protection against solid foreign objects, electric shock and water

8DJH switchgear fulfills according to the standards \*)

IEC/EN 62271-1	VDE 0671-1	
IEC/EN 62271-200	VDE 0671-200	
IEC/EN 60529	DIN EN 60529	

the following degrees of protection (for explanations, see opposite table):

Degree of protection	Type of protection
IP 2x	for switchgear enclosure
IP 3x	for switchgear enclosure (optional)
IP 65	for gas-filled switchgear vessel

#### IEC/EN 60529

Type of protection	Degree of protectio
	IP 2 )
Protection against solid foreign objects	5
Protected against solid foreign objects of and greater (the object probe, sphere of shall not fully penetrate)	12.5 mm diameter
Protection against access to hazardous	parts
Protected against access to hazardous par (the jointed test finger of 12 mm diameter shall have adequate clearance from hazar	er, 80 mm length,
Protection against water	
No definition	
	IP 3 X
	<b>^</b>
Protection against solid foreign objects	
Protected against solid foreign objects of and greater (the object probe, sphere of 2	
shall not penetrate at all)	2.5 mm diameter,
Protection against access to hazardous	narts
Protected against access to hazardous par	
(the access probe, sphere of 2.5 mm dian	
Protection against water	
No definition	
	IP 6 !
Protection against solid foreign objects	,
Dust-tight (no ingress of dust)	
Protection against access to hazardous	parts
Protected against access to hazardous par	rts with a wire
(the access probe of 1.0 mm diameter sh	all not penetrate)
Protection against water	
Protected against water jets	
(water projected in jets against the enclose shall have no harmful effects)	sure from any direction

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